

# **UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI**



## **Bachelor of Engineering**

in

## **Civil Engineering**

**Second Year with Effect from AY 2020-2021**

**Third Year with Effect from AY 2021-2022**

**Final Year with Effect from AY 2022-2023**

**(REV-2019 'C' Scheme) from Academic Year 2019-2020**

Under

## **FACULTY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY**

(As per AICTE guidelines with effect from the academic  
year 2019-2020)

# Syllabus for Approval

<b>Title of the Course</b>	: Third Year in Bachelor of Civil Engineering
<b>Eligibility for Admission</b>	: After Passing First Year Engineering as per the Ordinance 0.6242
<b>Passing Marks</b>	: 40%
<b>Ordinances / Regulations (if any)</b>	: Ordinance 0.6242
<b>No. of Years / Semesters</b>	: 8 semesters
<b>Level</b>	: Under Graduation
<b>Pattern</b>	: Semester
<b>Status</b>	: New
<b>To be implemented from Academic Year</b>	: With effect from Academic Year: 2021-2022

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# Preamble

To meet the challenge of ensuring excellence in engineering education, the issue of quality needs to be addressed, debated and taken forward in a systematic manner. Accreditation is the principal means of quality assurance in higher education. The major emphasis of accreditation process is to measure the outcomes of the program that is being accredited. In line with this Faculty of Science and Technology (in particular Engineering) of University of Mumbai has taken a lead in incorporating philosophy of outcome based education in the process of curriculum development.

Faculty resolved that course objectives and course outcomes are to be clearly defined for each course, so that all faculty members in affiliated institutes understand the depth and approach of course to be taught, which will enhance learner's learning process. Choice based Credit and grading system enables a much-required shift in focus from teacher-centric to learner-centric education since the workload estimated is based on the investment of time in learning and not in teaching. It also focuses on continuous evaluation which will enhance the quality of education. Credit assignment for courses is based on 15 weeks teaching learning process, however content of courses is to be taught in 13 weeks and remaining 2 weeks to be utilized for revision, guest lectures, coverage of content beyond syllabus etc.

There was a concern that the earlier revised curriculum more focused on providing information and knowledge across various domains of the said program, which led to heavily loading of students in terms of direct contact hours. In this regard, faculty of science and technology resolved that to minimize the burden of contact hours, total credits of entire program will be of 170, wherein focus is not only on providing knowledge but also on building skills, attitude and self learning. Therefore in the present curriculum skill based laboratories and mini projects are made mandatory across all disciplines of engineering in second and third year of programs, which will definitely facilitate self learning of students. The overall credits and approach of curriculum proposed in the present revision is in line with AICTE model curriculum.

The present curriculum will be implemented for Third Year of Engineering from the Academic year 2021-22. Subsequently this will be carried forward for Final Year Engineering in the academic years 2022-23.

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# **Incorporation and Implementation of Online Contents from NPTEL/ Swayam Platform**

The curriculum revision is mainly focused on knowledge component, skill-based activities and project-based activities. Self-learning opportunities are provided to learners. In the revision process this time in particular Revised syllabus of 'C' scheme wherever possible additional resource links of platforms such as NPTEL, Swayam are appropriately provided. In an earlier revision of curriculum in the year 2012 and 2016 in Revised scheme 'A' and 'B' respectively, efforts were made to use online contents more appropriately as additional learning materials to enhance learning of students.

In the current revision based on the recommendation of AICTE model curriculum overall credits are reduced to 171, to provide opportunity of self-learning to learner. Learners are now getting sufficient time for self-learning either through online courses or additional projects for enhancing their knowledge and skill sets.

The Principals/ HoD's/ Faculties of all the institute are required to motivate and encourage learners to use additional online resources available on platforms such as NPTEL/ Swayam. Learners can be advised to take up online courses, on successful completion they are required to submit certification for the same. This will definitely help learners to facilitate their enhanced learning based on their interest.

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# Preface

The engineering education in India is expanding and is set to increase manifold. The major challenge in the current scenario is to ensure quality to the stakeholders along with expansion. To meet this challenge, the issue of quality needs to be addressed, debated and taken forward in a systematic manner. Accreditation is the principal means of quality assurance in higher education and reflects the fact that in achieving recognition, the institution or program of study is committed and open to external review to meet certain minimum specified standards. The major emphasis of this accreditation process is to measure the outcomes of the program that is being accredited. Program Outcomes (POs) are essentially a range of skills and knowledge that a student will have at the time of graduation from the program. In line with this, Faculty of Technology of University of Mumbai has taken a lead in incorporating the philosophy of outcome-based education (OBE) in the process of curriculum development from Rev-2012 onwards and continued to enhance the curriculum further based on OBE in Rev-2016 and Rev-2019 “C” scheme.

As Chairman and Members of Board of Studies in Civil Engineering, University of Mumbai, we are happy to state here that, the Program Educational Objectives (PEOs) for Undergraduate Program were finalized in a brain storming session, which was attended by more than 40 members from different affiliated Institutes of the University, who are either Heads of Departments or their senior representatives from the Department of Civil Engineering. The PEOs finalized for the undergraduate program in Civil Engineering are listed below;

1. To prepare the Learner with a sound foundation in mathematical, scientific and engineering fundamentals
2. To motivate the Learner in the art of self-learning and to use modern tools for solving real life problems
3. To prepare the Learner for a successful career in Indian and Multinational Organisations and for excelling in post-graduate studies
4. To motivate learners for life-long learning
5. To inculcate a professional and ethical attitude, good leadership qualities and commitment to social responsibilities in the Learner’s thought process

In addition to the above listed PEOs, every institute is encouraged to add a few (2-3) more PEOs suiting their institute vision and mission

Apart from the PEOs, for each course of the program, objectives and expected outcomes from a learner’s point of view are also included in the curriculum to support the philosophy of OBE. We strongly believe that even a small step taken in the right direction will definitely help in providing quality education to the major stakeholders.

<b>Board of Studies in Civil Engineering University of Mumbai</b>			
Dr. S. K. Ukarande	Chairman	Dr. V. Jothiprakash	Member
Dr. D.D. Sarode	Member	Dr. K. K. Sangle	Member
Dr. S. B. Charhate	Member	Dr. D. G. Regulawar	Member
Dr. Milind Waikar	Member	Dr. A. R. Kambekar	Member
Dr. R.B. Magar	Member	Dr. Seema Jagtap	Member

**Undergraduate Program Structure for Third year Civil Engineering**  
**University of Mumbai**  
 (With Effect from A. Y. 2021-2022)  
**Semester VI**

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credit Assigned			
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
CEC601	Design & Drawing of Steel Structures	03	-	-	03	-	-	03
CEC602	Water Resources Engineering	03	-	-	03	-	-	03
CEC603	Geotechnical Engineering-II	03	-	-	03	-	-	03
CEC604	Environmental Engineering	04	-	-	04	-	-	04
CEDLO601X	Department Level Optional Course -2	03	-	-	03	-	-	03
CEL601	Design & Drawing of Steel Structures	-	02	-	-	01	-	01
CEL602	Water Resources Engineering	-	02	-	-	01	-	01
CEL603	Geotechnical Engineering-II	-	02	-	-	01	-	01
CEL604	Environmental Engineering	-	02	-	-	01	-	01
CEL605	Skill Based Lab Course – III	-	03	-	-	1.5	-	1.5
CEM601	Mini Project – 2B	-	03 <sup>\$</sup>	-	-	1.5	-	1.5
<b>Total</b>		<b>16</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>07</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>23</b>

<b>Examination Scheme</b>									
Course Code	Course Name	Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Exam Duration (Hrs.)	Term Work	Pract. /Oral	Total
		Test – I	Test - II	Avg.					
CEC601	Design & Drawing of Steel Structures	20	20	20	80	04	-	-	100
CEC602	Water Resources Engineering	20	20	20	80	03	-	-	100
CEC603	Geotechnical Engineering-II	20	20	20	80	03	-	-	100
CEC604	Environmental Engineering	20	20	20	80	03	-	-	100
CEDLO601X	Department Level Optional Course -2	20	20	20	80	03	-	-	100
CEL601	Design & Drawing of Steel Structures	-	-	-	-	-	25	25	50
CEL602	Water Resources Engineering	-	-	-	-	-	25	25	50
CEL603	Geotechnical Engineering-II	-	-	-	-	-	25	25	50
CEL604	Environmental Engineering	-	-	-	-	-	25	25	50
CEL605	Skill Based Lab Course-III	-	-	-	-	-	25	25	50
CEM601	Mini Project – 2B	-	-	-	-	-	25	25	50
<b>Total</b>		<b>100</b>			<b>400</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>800</b>

**\$ indicates work load of Learner (Not Faculty), for Mini Project.**

**Undergraduate Program Structure for Third year Civil Engineering**

**University of Mumbai**

(With Effect from A. Y. 2021-2022)

**Semester - VI**

**Department Level Optional Course – 2**

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Course Code CEDLO601X</b>	<b>Department Level Optional Course – 2</b>
1	CEDLO6011	Rock Mechanics
2	CEDLO6012	Biological Processes & Contaminant Removal
3	CEDLO6013	Construction Equipment & Techniques
4	CEDLO6014	Urban Infrastructure Planning
5	CEDLO6015	Open Channel Flow
6	CEDLO6016	Computational Structural Analysis
7	CEDLO6017	Traffic Engineering and Management
8	CEDLO6018	Introduction to Offshore Engineering

## Semester-VI

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CEC601	Design and Drawing of Steel Structures	03

Contact Hours			Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
03	-	-	03	-	-	03

Theory					Term Work/Practical/Oral			Total
Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	Term Work	Pract.	Oral	
Test-I	Test-II	Average						
20	20	20	80	4 Hours	-	-	-	100

## Rationale

Steel structures are preferred due to their higher strength, speed of construction and aesthetic view. Civil Engineers must have knowledge of designing and detailing of steel structures to make structures safe and serviceable during its life span. I.S. code specifying the use of Limit State design philosophy for design of steel structures and its various components. This course is designed to provide basic knowledge of design and detailing of steel structures.

## Objectives

- 1 To make students familiar with behavior of steel structure and their components under the action of various loads.
- 2 To train the students for effective use of IS codes, design tables and aids in analyzing and designing the steel structures by limit state method.
- 3 To help students design connections of steel members.
- 4 To equip students with aspects required for designing tension member, compression members and column bases.
- 5 To equip students with aspects required for designing of flexural members.
- 6 To aid students in designing steel trusses.



## Detailed Syllabus

Module	Course Module / Contents		Periods
1	<b>Introduction</b>		03
	1.1	Types of steel structures, Properties of Structural Steel, Indian Standard Specifications and Sections, Advantages and limitations of WSM, permissible stresses in WSM. Introduction to Limit State Design, partial safety factors for load and resistance, design load combinations, section classification such as plastic, compact, semi-compact and slender.	
2	<b>Design of Bolted And Welded Connections</b>		06
	2.1	Design of bolted and welded connections for axial force, beam to beam and beam to column connections. Framed, stiffened and unstiffened seat connections, bracket connections.	
3	<b>Design of Tension Members</b>		04
	3.1	Introduction, types of tension members, net area calculation.	
	3.2	Design strength due to yielding, rupture and block shear.	
	3.3	Design of tension members with welded and bolted end connection using single angle section & double angle section.	
4	<b>Design of Compression Members and Column Bases</b>		11
	4.1	Introduction, types of compression members, classification of cross sections, types of buckling, effective length of column and slenderness ratio, buckling curves, design of compression members as struts using single angle sections & double angle section.	
	4.2	Design of axially loaded column using rolled steel sections, design of built-up column, laced and battened Columns.	
	4.3	Design of slab bases & gusseted base.	
5	<b>Design of Flexural Members</b>		11
	5.1	Design strength in bending, effective length, Lateral torsion buckling behavior of unrestrained beams, design of single rolled section with or without flange plates, design strength of laterally supported beams, low and high shear, design strength of laterally unsupported beams, web buckling, web crippling, shear lag effect and deflection.	
	5.2	Design of welded plate girder: proportioning of web and flanges, flange plate curtailment	
6	<b>Design of Truss</b>		04
	6.1	Design of determinate truss. Calculation of dead load, live load and wind load acting on truss. Load combinations and calculation of internal forces. Design and detailing of members. Support detailing. Design of angle section purlin.	
<b>Total</b>			<b>39</b>

## Contribution to Outcome

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1 Use the knowledge of Limit State Design philosophy as applied to steel structures. IS 800 code clauses
- 2 Design bolted and welded connections.
- 3 Design members subjected to axial tension.
- 4 Design compression members, Built-up columns and column bases.
- 5 Design members subjected to bending moment, shear force etc.
- 6 Estimate design loads as per IS 875 for roof truss and design the Steel roof truss.

### **Internal Assessment**

**20 Marks**

Consisting of two Compulsory Class Tests –

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in first test).

Average of marks will be considered for IAE.

### **End Semester Examination**

**80 Marks**

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1 Question paper will comprise of total Five questions.  $\{(32 + (4 \times 16))\}$
- 2 Question 1 will be compulsory carrying 32 marks and should be based on steel design project.
- 3 Remaining questions will be carrying  $4 \times 16$  marks, mixed in nature (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any other module. Only three questions carrying 16 marks need to be solved.
- 4 Total Four questions need to be solved.  $(32+16+16+16)$
- 5 In end semester examination, students will write answers in answer booklet and draw sketches on half imperial drawing sheet.
- 6 **Use of relevant IS codes shall be allowed in the examination**

### **Recommended Books:**

- 1 Design of Steel Structure by N. Subramanian, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 2 Limit state design of steel structures by S. K. Duggal, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Limited, New Delhi.
- 3 Design of steel structure by Limit State Method as per IS: 800- 2007 by Bhavikatti S. S., I.K. International Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 4 Design of Steel Structures by K. S. Sai Ram, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 5 Limit state design of steel structures as per IS 800/2007. by S. Kanthimathinathan. I.K. International Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 6 Relevant Indian Specifications, Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi
- 7 Limit state design of steel structure by Dr. V.L. Shah and Gore, Structure publication Pvt. Pune.

**Reference Books:**

- 1 Design of Steel Structure by Allen Williams
- 2 Practical Design of Steel Structure by Karuna Moy Ghosh, Whittles Publishing
- 3 Structural design and drawing by D. Krishnamurthy, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4 Teaching Resources Material for steel structures by INSDAG Kolkata.

## Semester-VI

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CEC602	Water Resources Engineering	03

Contact Hours			Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
03	-	-	03	-	-	03

Theory					Term Work/Practical/Oral			Total
Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	Term Work	Pract.	Oral	
Test-I	Test-II	Average						
20	20	20	80	3 Hours	-	-	-	100

## Rationale

India is an agricultural country where majority of population lives in villages so agricultural industry is the backbone of Indian economy. Being a tropical country with large temporal and spatial variation of rainfall and availability of rainfall only for three to four months, irrigation is strongly needed in India. To satisfy this need, enhancing the irrigation facilities in the country is required. This course provides necessary knowledge and information about various irrigation methods as well as water requirements of crops, hydrologic processes, control level fixation of dams and reservoirs and hydraulics of wells. In addition to this, it provides necessary knowledge about analysis and design of gravity dams and earthen dams, different silt theories related to irrigation channels, detailed classification of canal head-works and its distribution system and finally discusses about different canal structures and cross drainage works.

## Objectives

- 1 To study different irrigation engineering methods and water requirement of crops.
- 2 To study hydrological cycle, its elements and plotting of hydrographs.
- 3 To study and calculate discharge from aquifers.
- 4 To study control level fixation for reservoir, Dams i.e., gravity dam, its various components and analysis and suitable conditions of earthen dam and its seepage analysis.
- 5 To study importance of silt theories and its design considerations.
- 6 To study Canal headwork, its distribution system and design of canal structures.

## Detailed Syllabus

Module	Course Module / Contents	Periods
<b>1</b>	<b>Irrigation Methods and Water Requirement of Crops</b>	<b>07</b>
	1.1 National water policy. Introduction to irrigation and need of irrigation, Benefits of irrigation and ill effects of irrigation, types of Irrigation Projects: minor, medium and major irrigation projects and National water policy.	
	1.2 Methods of Irrigation Systems: Surface irrigation and different techniques of water distribution for surface irrigation, Subsurface irrigation, sprinkler irrigation and drip irrigation.	
	1.3 Water Requirement of Crops: Crops and crop seasons in India, delta and duty of crops, relationship between delta and duty of crops. Soil water relationship and its significance from irrigation considerations, root zone soil water, infiltration, consumptive use, frequency of irrigation.	
<b>2</b>	<b>Hydrology</b>	<b>07</b>
	2.1 Hydrologic cycle, Precipitation: Forms and Types of precipitations.	
	2.2 Measurement of rainfall by rain gauges and stream flow measurement. calculation of missing rainfall data and adequacy of rain gauge stations.	
	2.3 Runoff: Runoff- factors affecting runoff, computation of runoff, yield of the catchment runoff hydrograph, flood discharge and its calculations.	
	2.4 Hydrograph: Flood hydrograph- Its components and base-flow separation, Unit hydrograph, application of unit hydrograph, methods of deriving unit hydrograph, S-hydrograph and its application.	
<b>3</b>	<b>Ground Water and Well Hydraulics</b>	<b>05</b>
	3.1 Ground water resources and occurrence of ground water.	
	3.2 Well hydraulics: steady state flow conditions in wells.	
	3.3 Equilibrium equations for confined and unconfined aquifer.	
	3.4 Aquifer tests.	
	3.5 Difference between open well and tube well, Well Losses	
<b>4</b>	<b>Dams and Spillways</b>	<b>09</b>
	4.1 Reservoir, various zones of storage reservoir, control level fixation for a reservoir. Introduction to reservoir sedimentation and control measures.	
	4.2 Gravity Dams: Definition, typical cross section and components of gravity dam, forces acting on gravity dam, modes of failure	

		of gravity dam, structural stability analysis of gravity dam, elementary and practical profile of gravity dam, low and high gravity dam, galleries in gravity dam – Function of gallery and different cross-sections of gallery adopted in practice, joints in gravity dam. control of cracking in concrete dams.	
	4.3	Earthen Dam: Types of earthen dams and methods of construction of earthen dam, causes and failures of earthen dams, seepage line/phreatic line for different conditions and its location using graphical method, seepage control through embankment and through foundations.	
	4.4	Spillways: Introduction, types of spillways – its working and functionality.	
<b>5</b>	<b>Irrigation Channels (Silt Theories)</b>		<b>06</b>
	5.1	Kennedy's theory and method of channel designs silt supporting capacity according to Kennedy's theory.	
	5.2	Lacey's regime theory and application of Lacey's theory for designing channel cross-section.	
	5.3	Comparison between Kennedy's theory and Lacey's theory.	
	5.4	Drawbacks of Kennedy's theory and Lacey's theory.	
	5.5	Introduction to sediment transport in channels.	
<b>6</b>	<b>Canal Headwork-Distribution System and Canal Structures</b>		<b>05</b>
	6.1	Canal Headwork and Distribution System: Classification of canals, canal alignment, canal losses, canal lining, water logging and remedial measures for water logging.	
	6.2	Canal Structures Canal Falls and types of canal falls, canal escapes and types of canal escapes, canal regulators and types of canal regulators, canal outlets and types of canal outlets, cross drainage works and types of cross drainage work.	
<b>Total</b>			<b>39</b>

### Contribution to Outcome

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1 Describe National water Policy, Calculate Crop water requirement and Classify various types and methods of irrigation.
- 2 Estimate flood discharge and Runoff by traditional and modern usage tools for planning and management of water resources projects.
- 3 Apply knowledge on ground water, well hydraulics to estimate the safe yield and ground water potential
- 4 Analyze and design gravity dams and earthen dams with spillways for sustainable development
- 5 Compare different silt theories related to irrigation channel and design the same.
- 6 Classify and Explain various canal structures and suggest remedial measures for water logging to save fertile irrigation

**Internal Assessment****20 Marks**

Consisting of two Compulsory Class Tests –

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in first test).

Average of marks will be considered for IAE.

**End Semester Examination****80 Marks**

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1 Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2 Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum.
- 3 Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3).
- 4 Only four questions need to be solved in total.

**Recommended Books:**

- 1 Irrigation and Water Power Engineering: B.C. Punmia, Pande B.B.Lal, A.K Jain. Laxmi Publications Pvt, Ltd. New Delhi.
- 2 Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures: S.K. Ukarande, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd. ISBN-9789383656899.
- 3 Irrigation Water Resources and Water Power Engineering: P.N. Modi, Standard Book House, Delhi, ISBN 978-81-87401-29-0.
- 4 Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulics Structures: S. K. Garg, Khanna Publishers. Delhi.
- 5 Design of Irrigation Structures: S. K. Sharma, S. Chand and Co.
- 6 Theory and Design of Irrigation Structures: R. S. Varshney and R, C. Gupta, Nem Chand
- 7 Engineering for Dams, Vol. I to III: Crager, Justin and Hinds, John Wiley
- 8 Design of Small Dams: USBR.
- 9 Hydro Power Structures: R. S. Varshney, Nem Chand and Bross.
- 10 Concrete Dams: R. S. Varshney, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co.

## Semester VI

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CEC603	Geotechnical Engineering-II	3

Contact Hours			Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
3	--	--	3	--	--	3

Theory					Term Work/Practical/Oral			Total
Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	Term Work	Pract.	Oral	
Test-I	Test-II	Average						
20	20	20	80	3 Hrs.	--	--	--	100

## Rationale

Basic knowledge of analysis and design of foundations is very important for all civil engineers, more so for geotechnical and structural engineers. Soil testing (both field and lab tests) and its analysis are not only compulsory prerequisites for the analysis, design and construction of any major structure but also holds lucrative consultancy work and job opportunities in the field of civil engineering. Immense research opportunities are also available in this field.

## Objectives

- 1 Students will gain knowledge of consolidation theory.
- 2 Students will evaluate the shear strength characteristics of the soil. Moreover, they would apply the knowledge for solving the related problems.
- 3 Students will analyze stability of slopes.
- 4 Students will analyze and evaluate lateral earth pressure.
- 5 Students will analyze and design shallow foundation.
- 6 Students will analyze and design deep foundation.



Detailed Syllabus

Module	Course Module / Contents	Periods
<b>1</b>	<b>Module Name- Consolidation of soils</b>	<b>06</b>
	<b>1.1</b> Compressibility & settlement, comparison between compaction & consolidation, concept of excess pore water pressure, initial, primary secondary consolidation, spring analogy for primary consolidation, consolidation test results, coefficient of compressibility, coefficient of volume change, compression, expansion, recompression indices, normally and over consolidated soils.	
	<b>1.2</b> Terzhaghi's theory of consolidation (no proof)- assumptions, coefficient of vertical consolidation, distribution of hydrostatic excess pore water pressure with depth & time, time factor, relationship between time factor and degree of consolidation, determination of coefficient of vertical consolidation, pre-consolidation pressure.	
	<b>1.3</b> Final settlements of a soil deposit in the field, time settlement curve, field consolidation curve.	
<b>2</b>	<b>Module Name- Shear strength</b>	<b>05</b>
	<b>2.1</b> Introduction, frictional cohesive strength, state of stresses in soil mass, principal stresses, determination of stresses on an inclined plane by using analytical and Mohr's circle method, important characteristics of Mohr's circle.	
	<b>2.2</b> Coulomb theory, Mohr-Coulomb theory- shear strength parameters; Mohr-Coulomb failure envelope- relation between major and minor principal stresses, total & effective stress analysis.	
	<b>2.3</b> Different types of drainage conditions UU, CU and CD: Direct shear test, Triaxial compression test, Unconfined compression test, Vane shear test; comparison between direct & triaxial tests, interpretation of test results of direct shear & triaxial shear tests stress-strain curves.	
	<b>2.4</b> Determination of shear strength of soil- pull out test and Introduction to liquefaction of Soils.	
<b>3</b>	<b>Module Name- Stability of Slopes</b>	<b>06</b>
	<b>3.1</b> Introduction: Types of slopes, types of slope failures, factors of safety.	
	<b>3.2</b> Stability analysis of infinite slopes in i) cohesionless soil and ii) cohesive soil under a) dry condition, b) submerged condition and c) steady seepage condition along the slope.	

	3.3	Stability analysis of finite slopes: i) Taylor's stability number ii) friction circle method iii) Swedish circle.	
4	<b>Module Name - Lateral Earth Pressure Theories</b>		08
	4.1	Introduction to Lateral Earth Pressure Theories: Concept of lateral earth pressure based on vertical and horizontal stresses, different types of lateral earth pressure	
	4.2	Rankine's earth pressure theory: i) assumptions, ii) active and passive states in cohesionless soil: effect of submergence, effect of uniform surcharge, effect of inclined surcharge iii) active and passive states in cohesive soil	
	4.3	Coulomb's wedge theory: i) assumptions, ii) active and passive states in cohesionless soil, iii) active and passive states in cohesive soil	
	4.4	Rehbann's Graphical Method (no proof)	
	4.5	Culmann's Graphical Method (no proof)	
5	<b>Module Name- Shallow Foundations</b>		08
	5.1	Introduction: types of shallow foundations, definitions of different bearing Capacities	
	5.2	Theoretical methods of determining bearing capacity of shallow foundations: i) Terzaghi's theory: assumptions, zones of failure, modes of failure, ultimate bearing capacity equations for general and local shear failure, factors influencing bearing capacity: shape of footing and water table, limitations of Terzaghi's theory ii) Vesic's theory: bearing capacity equation I.S. Code Method: bearing capacity equation	
	5.3	Field methods of determining bearing capacity of shallow foundations: i) standard penetration test and ii) plate load test	
6	<b>Module Name- Pile Foundations</b>		06
	6.1	Introduction to pile foundations: necessity of pile foundations, types of pile foundation.	
	6.2	Theoretical methods of determining load carrying capacity of pile foundations: i) static formulae and ii) dynamic formulae	
	6.3	Field method of determining load carrying capacity of pile foundations: pile load test	
	6.4	Group action of piles, settlement of pile groups, negative skin friction	
<b>Total Hours</b>			<b>39</b>

## Contribution to Outcome

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1 Evaluate the consolidation parameters for the soil.
- 2 Calculate the shear strength parameters for the soil.
- 3 Calculate the factors of safety of different types of slopes under various soil condition, analyze the stability of slopes.
- 4 Calculate lateral earth pressure under various soil condition.
- 5 Calculate bearing capacity of shallow foundations using theoretical and field methods.
- 6 Calculate load carrying capacity of individual as well as group of pile foundation using theoretical and field methods and pile settlement.

### **Internal Assessment (20 Marks):**

Consisting Two Compulsory Class Tests - First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in Test I). Average of the two will be considered as IA marks.

### **End Semester Examination (80 Marks):**

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1 Question paper will comprise of total **six questions, each carrying 20 marks.**
- 2 **Question 1** will be **compulsory** and should **cover maximum contents of the curriculum.**
- 3 **Remaining questions will be mixed in nature** (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3).
- 4 **Only Four questions need to be solved.**

### Recommended Books:

- 1 Soil Mechanics and Foundation: Dr. B.C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain, Arun Kumar Jain; Laxmi Publications
- 2 Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering: K.R. Arora; Standard publishers and Distributors
- 3 Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering: V.N.S Murthy; Saitech Publications
- 4 Geotechnical Engineering: C. Venkatramaiah; New age International
- 5 Theoretical Soil Mechanic: K. Terzaghi; John Wiley and Sons
- 6 Fundamentals of Soil Engineering: D. W. Taylor; John Wiley and sons
- 7 Relevant Indian Standard Specification Code: BIS Publications, New Delhi
- 8 Soil Mechanics in Theory and Practice: Alam Singh; Asia Publishing House
- 9 Geotechnical Engineering: Purushothama Raj; Tata McGraw Hill Publications
- 10 Basic and Applied Soil Mechanic: Gopal Ranjan and A.S. Rao; New Age International

## Semester-VI

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CEC604	Environmental Engineering	04

Contact Hours			Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
04	-	-	04	-	-	04

Theory					Term Work/Practical/Oral			Total
Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	Term Work	Pract.	Oral	
Test-I	Test-II	Average						
20	20	20	80	3 Hours	-	-	-	100

## Rationale

Every civil engineer must be acquainted with the principles of public health engineering, purification of water, sewage collection, design of water and sewage treatment and develop rational approaches towards sustainable waste management via appropriate treatment and reuse. The course deals with the overall features and study of treatment of water, building drainage, rain water harvesting, sewage treatment processes and solid waste management. The course also lays emphasis on the knowledge of Air and Noise pollution.

## Objectives

- 1 To demonstrate the necessary knowledge and concepts in the fields of water supply and quality of water.
- 2 To impart necessary skill for the design and operation of various units of water treatment facilities.
- 3 To recognize the necessary knowledge of good plumbing system, building drainage and rainwater harvesting.
- 4 To demonstrate the necessary knowledge on domestic sewage and Sewerage system.
- 5 To develop a flow Content for sewage treatment and design its units.
- 6 To impart the basic understanding of Air pollution, noise pollution and solid waste so as to control its adversity on ambient environment.

## Detailed Syllabus

Module	Course Module / Contents		Periods
<b>1</b>	<b>Water Supply and Quality Of Water</b>		<b>04</b>
	1.1	Water supply: Water supply systems, water resources, types of intake structures, distribution systems of water and distribution layouts.	
	1.2	Quality of water: Introduction to pure water: potable, wholesome, palatable, distilled, polluted and contaminated water, drinking water standards and characteristics of water, water borne diseases.	
<b>2</b>	<b>Water Treatment</b>		<b>15</b>
	2.1	WTP: Typical layout of WTP, Aeration, Types of Aeration systems, sedimentation, types of settling, tube settlers, design of sedimentation tank.	
	2.2	Coagulation and flocculation: Principle of coagulation, flocculation, Clari flocculator, coagulants aids.	
	2.3	Filtration: rapid sand filters, operation, cleaning and back-washing, Entire design of rapid gravity filter with under drainage system. Pressure filter: Construction and operation	
	2.4	Disinfection: Different methods of disinfection, chlorination and chemistry of chlorination, chlorine demand, free and combined chlorine, various forms of chlorine, types of chlorination. Numerical to calculate quantity of required chlorine doses.	
	2.5	Advanced and Miscellaneous Treatments: Water softening by lime soda process and by base exchange method, Reverse Osmosis, Activated carbon, Membrane filtration, Removal of Iron and Manganese.	
<b>3</b>	<b>Building Water Supply, Drainage and Rainwater Harvesting</b>		<b>04</b>
	3.1	Building water supply: Water demands, Per capita Supply, Service connection from main, Water meter.	
	3.2	Building drainage: basic principles, traps-types, location and function, Systems of Plumbing, anti siphonic and vent pipes.	
	3.3	Rainwater harvesting: Need for rainwater harvesting, Annual potential, Roof-top rain water harvesting. Numerical on annual rainwater harvesting potential.	

<b>4</b>	<b>Domestic Sewage and Sewerage System:</b>		<b>08</b>
	4.1	Sewage: Introduction to domestic sewage, and storm water, System of sanitation, Physical and chemical characteristics, decomposition of sewage, BOD, COD, numerical on BOD. MPCB norms for disposal of sewage effluent.	
	4.2	Sewerage system: Systems of sewerage and their layouts: Separate, Combined and partially combined system, merits and demerits, self-cleaning velocity and non-scouring velocity, Sewer- Shape, hydraulic design of sewers, Laying and testing of sewers, manhole-location, necessity, types and drop manhole, ventilation	
<b>5</b>	<b>Sewage Treatment</b>		<b>15</b>
	5.1	Treatment processes: Objective, methods of treatment, flow sheets showing Preliminary, Primary, Secondary and Tertiary treatment. Primary treatment: Screening, Grit removal, Oil and Grease removal, settling tank.	
		Secondary Treatment Methods: Trickling filter- Principle, Process description and Design of trickling filter. Activated sludge process (ASP) - Principle, Process description, Recirculation of sludge, (numerical), Sludge volume index.	
	5.2	Introduction to Biological Treatment: Aerated lagoons, Oxidation ponds, oxidation ditches.	
		Self-purification of natural waterbodies: Oxygen economy, Disposal of treated effluent. Disposal of Raw and treated sewage on land and water, DO sag curve.	
	5.3	Rural and Low-cost sanitation: Septic Tank and Soak Pit – Operation, suitability and Design	
<b>6</b>	<b>Air Pollution, Noise Pollution and Municipal Solid Waste Management</b>		<b>06</b>
	6.1	Air pollution: Composition of air, Quantification of air pollutants, Air quality standards, Effect of air pollution on Environment, Introduction to Air pollution control devices.	
	6.2	Noise pollution: Basic concept and measurement, Effects of noise, and control methods, and numerical on sound level.	
	6.3	Municipal Solid Waste Management: Sources, storage, treatment, disposal, 5R Principles.	
<b>Total</b>			<b>52</b>

## Contribution to Outcome

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1 Analyse the quality of water and make outline of water Supply scheme.
- 2 Design the various units of water treatment plant and apply the advanced, miscellaneous treatments whenever necessary.
- 3 Build service connection of water supply from main and building drainage system at construction site along with rain water harvesting layout.
- 4 Analyse and plan sewerage system along with test for sewer line.
- 5 Design the units of sewage treatment plant. Also, able to apply the knowledge of low-cost treatment and stream sanitation.
- 6 Understand air pollution, noise pollution and functional elements of solid waste management.

### **Internal Assessment**

**20 Marks**

Consisting of two Compulsory Class Tests –

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in first test).

Average of marks will be considered for IAE.

### **End Semester Examination**

**80 Marks**

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1 Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2 Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum.
- 3 Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3).
- 4 Only Four questions need to be solved.

### **Site Visit:**

The students will visit to sewage treatment plant/ water treatment plant in the nearby vicinity or in the city and prepare detailed report thereof. This report will form a part of the term work

### **Recommended Books:**

- 1 Water Supply Engineering: S. K. Garg, Khanna Publication.
- 2 Water Supply Engineering: P.N. Modi, Rajsons Publication.
- 3 Water Supply and Sanitary Engineering: S.K. Hussain, Oxford & IBH Publication, New Delhi
- 4 Environmental Engineering: *B. C. Punmia*, Laxmi Publications, New Delhi.
- 5 Solid waste management in developing countries: A.D. Bhide and B.B. Sundaresan
- 6 Environmental Engineering Vol II- Sewage Disposal and Air Pollution Engineering: *S. K. Garg*, Khanna Publishers New Delhi
- 7 Wastewater Treatment- Concepts and Design Approach: G. L. Karia and R. A. Christian
- 8 Integrated solid waste management, Tchobanoglous. Theissen and Vigil, McGraw Hill Publication.

**Reference Books:**

- 1 Manual on Wastewater Treatment 3rd Ed. Pub: CPH and Env. Engg. Organization, Ministry of Urban Development, Govt. of India, New Delhi, 1991.
- 2 Plumbing Engineering, Theory and Practice: *Patil S. M.*, Seema Publication, Mumbai.
- 3 Manual on Municipal Solid Waste Management: Ministry of urban development, New Delhi.
- 4 Water Supply and Sewerage:*E. W. Steel.*
- 5 Manual on Water Supply and Treatment, (latest Ed.): Ministry of Urban Development, New Delhi.
- 6 Water supply and pollution control: J.W. Clark, W. Veisman, M.J. Hammer, International textbook company.
- 7 CPHEEO Manual on Water Supply and Treatment.
- 8 CPHEEO Manual on Sewage and Treatment.
- 9 Environmental Engineering: Peavy, H.S., Rowe D.R., Tchobanoglous G.; 1991, Tata-Mcgraw Hill.



## Semester-VI

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CEDLO6011	Department Level Optional Course -2 Rock Mechanics	03

Contact Hours			Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
03	-	-	03	-	-	03

Theory					Term Work/Practical/Oral			Total
Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	Term Work	Pract.	Oral	
Test-I	Test-II	Average						
20	20	20	80	3 Hours	-	-	-	100

## Rationale

The Civil Engineering structures are built on or through rocks. The design of structures depends on the rock mass properties and the interaction between the rock and the structure. This demands the study of deformation resulting from the strain of rocks in response to various stresses working on them. The mechanisms and character of the deformation of rocks can be investigated through laboratory experiments. The course will give an idea of in- situ testing of the rock and observation of geological conditions that can affect the way a rock behaves when subjected to loads and stresses.

## Objectives

- 1 To provide basic knowledge of Rock -Mechanics to understand design aspects of various structures on or through rocks.
- 2 To study the various classification schemes of rock masses and their application.
- 3 To study the physical properties of rocks and various lab test conducted on them to determine the strength.
- 4 To determine properties and behavior of various types of rock under different loading conditions.
- 5 To study bearing capacity, stress distribution and factor of safety within the rock.
- 6 To study the stability of rock slopes and design aspects of openings in/on the rocks.

## Detailed Syllabus

Module	Course Module / Contents		Periods
<b>1</b>	<b>Structural Geology and Data Interpretation</b>		<b>05</b>
	1.1	Introduction to Rock Mechanics and Importance	
	1.2	Geological classification of rocks	
	1.3	Description of discontinuities and their effect on rocks	
	1.4	Stereographic Analysis of structural Geology	
<b>2</b>	<b>Engineering Classification of Rocks and Rock Masses:</b>		<b>06</b>
	2.1	Classification of intact rocks. Rock mass classifications: Rock Quality Designation (RQD), Rock Structural Rating (RSR), Rock Mass Quality (Q system).	
	2.2	Strength and Modulus from classifications, classification based on Strength and Modulus.	
	2.3	Geo-mechanics (RMR)} and Geo-engineering classification	
	2.4	Deere and Miller's Engineering Classification	
<b>3</b>	<b>Laboratory Testing of Rocks: Field and Laboratory Tests on Rocks</b>		<b>07</b>
	3.1	Determination of physical properties of rocks	
	3.2	Uniaxial Compressive Strength Test	
	3.3	Tensile Strength Test	
	3.4	Direct Shear Test and Triaxial Test	
	3.5	Slake Durability Test	
	3.6	Schmidt Rebound Hardness, Swelling Pressure and Free-Swell, Void Index, Hydraulic fracture, Flat Jack Test	
<b>4</b>	<b>Strength, Modulus and Stress-Strain Responses of Rocks:</b>		<b>07</b>
	4.1	Factors influencing rock responses, Strength criteria for isotropic intact rocks, Modulus of isotropic intact rocks.	
	4.2	Uni-axial Compressive Strength of intact anisotropic rocks, Strength due to induced anisotropy in rocks, Compressive Strength and Modulus from SPT.	
	4.3	Stress- strain models (constitutive models, elastic stress-strain model, elastic-plastic stress-strain model, Visco-elastic Model.	
<b>5</b>	<b>Bearing Capacity of Rocks:</b>		<b>06</b>
	5.1	Estimation of bearing capacity (foundation on intact rock, heavily fractured rock), UBC with Hoek-Brown criterion, foundation on slope	
	5.2	Stress distribution in rocks, Factor of safety, strengthening measures (concrete shear keys, bored concrete piles, tensioned	

		cable anchors, concrete block at toe),	
	5.3	Settlement in rocks (from joint factor, for horizontal joints, from field tests).	
<b>6</b>	<b>Stability of Rock Slopes &amp; Opening in Rocks</b>		<b>08</b>
	6.1	Modes of failure, rotational failure, plane failure, wedge method of analysis, buckling failure, toppling failure, application of stereographic projection, Remedial measures.	
	6.2	Rock Bolting and Grouting: Methods to improve rock mass responses, grouting in rocks, objectives, contact grouting, consolidation grouting, process of grouting, grout requirement, types of grout, stage grouting, grout curtain. Rock Bolting Rock anchors.	
	6.3	Tunneling: Ground conditions in tunneling, Computing structural discontinuities in rock masses, requirement of lining in tunnels, pressure tunnels and tunnels for other purposes, application of stereographic projection.	
<b>Total</b>			<b>39</b>

### Contribution to Outcome

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1 Explain basic concepts of Rock -Mechanics and apply it to design aspects of various Civil Engineering structures on or through the rocks.
- 2 Classify the rock masses and evaluate them for various Civil Engineering works.
- 3 Explain the laboratory testing of rocks and determine the physical properties and strength of intact rocks and rock masses.
- 4 Explain the stress-strain responses of the rocks and influencing factors.
- 5 Determine the bearing capacity and factor of safety of rocks.
- 6 Determine the stability of slopes and underground excavations.

#### Internal Assessment

**20 Marks**

Consisting of two Compulsory Class Tests –

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in first test).

Average of marks will be considered for IAE.

#### End Semester Examination

**80 Marks**

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1 Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2 Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum.
- 3 Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3).
- 4 Only Four questions need to be solved.

**Recommended Books:**

- 1 Introduction to Rock Mechanics: Goodman, RE (1989), Canada, Jhon Wiley & Sons.
- 2 Rock Slope Engineering, Hoek, E and Bray, JW (1977), The Institution of Mining and Metallurgy, London.
- 3 Rock Mechanics and Design of Structures on Rock: *Obert, Leon and W. I. Duvall*.
- 4 Engineering Rock Mass Classification, Singh, B and Goel RK (20011), Oxford, UK, Elsevier Inc.

**Reference Books:**

- 1 Rock Mechanics in Engineering Practice: *K. G. Stagg and O. C. Zienkiewicz*, John Willey and Sons, New York.
- 2 Rock Mechanics – Vol. I and II: *Jumukis*, Trans Tech Publication, USA.
- 3 Fundamentals of Rock Mechanics: Jaeger, JG, Cook, NGW and Zimmerman, RW (2007) 4 th Ed., Singapore, Blackwell Publishing
- 4 Rock Mechanics and Design of Structures on Rock: *Obert, Leon and W. I. Duvall*.

## Semester-VI

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CEDLO6012	Department Level Optional Course - 1 Biological Process and Contamination Removal	03

Contact Hours			Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
03	-	-	03	-	-	03

Theory					Term Work/Practical/Oral			Total
Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	Term Work	Pract.	Oral	
Test-I	Test-II	Average						
20	20	20	80	3 Hours	-	-	-	100

### Rationale

Biological treatment processes are widely used in both developed and developing countries to control and accelerate the natural process of organic matter decomposition. The process is often used to treat biodegradable waste materials released from domestic, commercial and industrial sources before they are disposed of. However, it is also observed to further treat the wastewater for contamination removal in order to remove and treat toxic materials. The course deals with the overall features and study of biological treatments of wastewater and contamination removal. The course lays emphasis on complete updates of these processes and knowledge related to design of treatment units.

### Objectives

- 1 To understand quality, quantity, characteristics and treatment process of wastewater generated from various sources
- 2 To understand the biological process and treatment of wastewater.
- 3 To provide students the necessary knowledge and concepts of advancements/ emerging techniques of Microbial Growth Kinetics, Utilization of soluble substrate and biotechnological remedies
- 4 To study and design the aerobic decomposition and its application in Aerobic Suspended Growth Biological Treatment Systems.
- 5 To study and design the anerobic decomposition and its application in wastewater treatment.
- 6 To develop rational approaches towards natural and biotechnological methods for contamination removal.

## Detailed Syllabus

Module	Course Module / Contents	Periods
<b>1</b>	<b>Waste Water Generation, Collection and Conveyance</b>	<b>08</b>
	1.1 Introduction: Domestic waste water, Industrial Wastewater and Stormwater, Conservancy and Water carriage system, Systems of sewerage, Quantity and Quality of Wastewater.	
	1.2 Need for Analysis, Characteristics of wastewater: Analysis of wastewater, Characteristics of wastewater and sampling, Composition, Biochemical characteristics, aerobic decomposition, anaerobic decomposition,	
1.3 Waste Water Treatment and Flow diagram: Treatment processes: Objective, methods of treatment, flow sheets showing Preliminary, Primary, Secondary and Tertiary treatment. Waste Water Treatment Plant and Effluent Treatment Plants. Various combinations and options. Low-cost treatment plant.		
<b>2</b>	<b>Introduction to Biological Treatment:</b>	<b>03</b>
	2.1 Overview of biological wastewater treatment, objectives of the treatment, role of microorganisms, types of biological processes for wastewater treatment, suspended and attached growth systems.	
<b>3</b>	<b>Microbial Growth Kinetics</b>	<b>06</b>
	3.1 Microbial Growth Kinetics terminology, rate of utilization of soluble substrates, rate of biomass growth with soluble substrate, rate of oxygen uptake, effects of temperature, total volatile suspended solids and active biomass, net biomass yield and observed yield.	
3.2 Biotechnological remedies - Bio-fertilizers, Physical, chemical and Microbiological factors of composting, Health risk – Pathogens, Odor management, Microbial cell/enzyme technology, Adapted microorganisms, Biological removal of Nutrients.		
<b>4</b>	<b>Aerobic Decomposition:</b>	<b>08</b>
	4.1 Aerobic Suspended Growth Biological Treatment Systems: Aerobic biological oxidation, process description, environmental factors, Modifications of ASP: Complete Mix activated sludge, Extended Aeration system, Oxidation Ditch systems, Oxygen activated sludge, Oxidation ponds, Stabilization ponds, Aerobic attached Growth Biological Treatment-Trickling Filter.	
	4.2 Design of ASP, Trickling Filter, Oxidation Pond, Oxidation Ditch and Aerated lagoons.	

5	<b>Anaerobic Decomposition:</b>		08
	5.1	Anaerobic Decomposition: Mechanism of anaerobic fermentation – a multistep process, Microbiology and Biochemistry of Anaerobic processes, Substrate inhibition, Stuck reactors, Standard rate, High rate and Multistage anoxic digesters. Introduction to UASB.	
	5.2	Design of anaerobic treatment units: Anaerobic Lagoons	
6	<b>Natural and Biotechnological Methods of Contamination Removal:</b>		06
	6.1	Natural Treatment Systems: Development of natural treatment systems, Rapid infiltration systems, Overland Flow systems, constructed wetlands, Floating aquatic plant treatment systems. Introduction to engineering Fundamentals of Biotechnology. Heavy Metal Removal using advance treatment methods – Membrane filtration, Reverse Osmosis and Ion exchange.	
<b>Total</b>			<b>39</b>

### Contribution to Outcome

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1 Determine and analyze the characteristics of wastewater and decide the treatment for wastewater.
- 2 Understand biological treatment process and necessity of contamination removal
- 3 Understand and apply the concepts of advancements/emerging techniques of Microbial Growth Kinetics, Utilization of soluble substrate and biotechnological remedies.
- 4 Summarize the concept of aerobic decomposition and its application in Aerobic Suspended Growth Biological Treatment Systems
- 5 Summarize the concept of the anaerobic decomposition and its application in wastewater treatment.
- 6 To derive the knowledge and develop rational approaches towards natural and biotechnological Methods for contamination removal

#### Internal Assessment

**20 Marks**

Consisting of two Compulsory Class Tests –

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in first test).

Average of marks will be considered for IAE.

#### End Semester Examination

**80 Marks**

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1 Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2 Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum.
- 3 Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3).

4 Only Four questions need to be solved.

**Recommended Books:**

- 1 Wastewater Engineering Treatment, Disposal, Refuse: Metcalf and Eddy, T.M.H. Edition, New Delhi, 1995.
- 2 Environmental Engineering Vol II- Sewage Disposal and Air Pollution Engineering: S. K. Garg, Khanna Publishers New Delhi.
- 3 Water supply and sanitary Engineering: Hussain S. K., Oxford and IBH Publication, New Delhi.
- 4 Wastewater Treatment for Pollution Control and Reuse by Soli. J Arceivala (Author), Shyam. R Asolekar.
- 5 Environmental Engineering: B. C. Punmia, Laxmi Publications, New Delhi.
- 6 Water Supply and Sewerage: E.W. Steel.
- 7 Introduction to Environmental Engineering, Vesilind, PWS Publishing Company 2000.
- 8 Introduction to Environmental Engineering: P. Aarne Vesilind, Susan M. Morgan, Thompson.
- 9 Wastewater Treatment- Concepts and Design Approach: G. L. Karia and R. A. Christian.
- 10 Basic Principles of Wastewater Treatment Book by Marcos Von Sperling.

**Reference Books:**

- 1 Manual on Wastewater Treatment 3rd Ed. Pub: CPH and Env. Engg. Organization, Ministry of Urban Development, Govt. of India, New Delhi, 1991.
- 2 CPHEEO Manual on Sewage and Treatment.
- 3 Relevant Indian standard specifications and BIS publications.
- 4 Handbook of Water and Wastewater Treatment Plant Operations Book by Frank R. Spellman



## Semester-VI

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CEDLO6013	Department Level Optional Course-2 Construction Equipment & Techniques	03

Contact Hours			Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
03	-	-	03	-	-	03

Theory					Term Work/Practical/Oral			Total
Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	Term Work	Pract.	Oral	
Test-I	Test-II	Average						
20	20	20	80	3 Hours	-	-	-	100

## Rationale

Machines have revolutionized every sphere of human being's life. Engineering constructions also have seen a drastic reformation due to introduction of various construction equipment and techniques. This course provides an extensive overview of advanced equipment used in construction industry and also discusses certain methods/techniques used to construct facilities using these equipments. It makes the student aware of the equipment/techniques required while constructing different kinds of civil engineering structures. Student will be introduced to some emerging technologies in the field of Civil engineering which will make them more industry ready.

## Objectives

- 1 To understand the characteristics and complexities involved in large civil engineering projects so that the equipment/technique requirements of a project can be listed out.
- 2 To know the various conventional techniques/equipments used in civil engineering projects.
- 3 To get acquainted with the modern equipments/techniques which have replaced the conventional ones.
- 4 To select the appropriate equipment/techniques in construction for large and heavy engineering projects on the basis of suitability, availability, productivity, output, initial and operation cost, savings in time and other resources, etc.
- 5 To understand the characteristics and complexities involved in large civil engineering projects so that the equipment/technique requirements of a project can be listed out.
- 6 To know the various conventional techniques/equipments used in civil engineering projects.

**Detailed Syllabus**

<b>Module</b>	<b>Course Module / Contents</b>		<b>Periods</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>		<b>06</b>
	1.1	Equipment v/s Labour, Standard and Special equipments, Types of costs related to equipments including related numerical, Equipment life and Replacement decisions including related numerical, Cycle time, Balancing of equipments and related numerical.	
	1.2	Different categories of construction equipments used conventionally with reference to available types and their output, working mechanism, factors affecting their performance and criteria for selecting a particular equipment: Earthmoving and other hauling equipment, Pavers for road construction. Numbering and Record maintaining of Earthmoving and other hauling equipment's; Pile driving equipment; Applications of Air compressor. Dewatering techniques for trenches; Stone crushing equipment.	
<b>2</b>	<b>Underground &amp; Underwater Tunnelling</b>		<b>09</b>
	2.1	Various purposes for which tunnelling may be carried out, Basic terms related to tunnelling. Conventional methods of carrying out tunnelling in different types of soils/rocks. Methods for dewatering tunnels.	
	2.2	Detailed Procedure for underwater tunneling. Modern methods of tunnelling and detailed study of following equipments/ techniques in this regard. Use of drones, construction robots for aerial surveys. Use of GPS and remote sensing for setting out tunnel alignment. Jumbo – used for drilling and blasting, Blasting Techniques for quarrying stones for construction purpose. Diaphragm wall construction and other ground stabilization methods. Vertical shaft sinking machine (VSM). Tunnel Boring machine (TBM), Micro tunneling. New Austrian tunnelling method (NATM). Cut & cover method, Top to bottom construction. Tunnel lining trolley. Tunnelling for Metro projects. Difference in Tunnelling for Roads and Metros.	
<b>3</b>	<b>Modern Formwork Systems and Working Techniques in Limited Space</b>		<b>06</b>
	3.1	Difference in conventional and modern systems of formwork Mivan, Doka shuttering along with their advantages and disadvantages. Modular shuttering, Slip and jump form.	
	3.2	High rise construction: Concrete making on mass scale, pumping and placing booms. Tower cranes and the benefits they offer for high rise construction. Range diagram.	

	3.3	Prefabricated housing systems, Difficulties faced in the installation and operation of all these systems. Emergency housing for disaster management.	
	3.4	Working skills/tricks required for managing a site in urban/restricted space environment. Techniques for controlled demolition of buildings.	
<b>4</b>	<b>Equipments For Laying of Utility Lines, Bridge Construction &amp; Installation of Structural Steel Members.</b>		<b>06</b>
	4.1	Use of ground penetrating radar (GPR) for locating underground utilities. Laying of pipes using pipeline insertion system. Installation and operation of underground power transmission lines as well as overhead transmission towers.	
	4.2	Incremental launching method and balanced cantilever method of bridge/flyover construction with reference to the recent infrastructure developed in the local and global context.	
	4.3	Equipments/techniques used for connecting structural steel components of bridge decks, terminals, malls, stadiums, car sheds, etc.	
<b>5</b>	<b>Equipments/ Techniques for Setting Up of Power Generation/Supply Structures.</b>		<b>06</b>
	5.1	Hydropower station. Tidal power plants. Desalinization plants. Thermal power station. Solar power station. Atomic power generation. Installation and operation of wind mills. Construction of a fuel station.	
<b>6</b>	<b>Equipments/ Techniques for Construction of Transporting Facilities</b>		<b>06</b>
	6.1	Construction of railway lines using track laying machine. Methods, techniques and equipments involved in the construction of Metro, mono and maglev trains. Connecting link between underground and overhead metro systems. 5D BIM integration in Metro projects.	
	6.2	Equipments required for construction and operation of an airport and sea port. Application of Drones, GIS, GPS and BIM for monitoring project progress/working of Airports and Seaports. Piling Equipment's for Jetty Construction.	
	6.3	Light Detection and Ranging (Lidar) Technique for Railways/ Highways/ Bullet train alignments.	
<b>Total</b>			<b>39</b>

## Contribution to Outcome

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1 Understand the use/applications of various conventional construction equipments and select the best out of them for a particular site requirement.
- 2 Know modern methods/equipments used for underground as well as underwater tunnelling.
- 3 Compare conventional and modern methods of formwork and get acquainted with techniques used on sites with restricted space.
- 4 Understand the techniques involved and the equipments required thereof for laying of utility lines, bridge construction and installation of structural steel members.
- 5 Gain knowledge about the setting up of different kinds of the power generating structures.
- 6 Get acquainted with the equipments/ techniques for construction of transporting facilities.

### **Internal Assessment**

**20 Marks**

Consisting of two Compulsory Class Tests –

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in first test).

Average of marks will be considered for IAE.

### **End Semester Examination**

**80 Marks**

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1 Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2 Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum.
- 3 Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3).
- 4 Only Four questions need to be solved.

### **Recommended Books:**

- 1 Construction Equipment & Planning. Purifoy, R.L & Ledbetter McGraw Hill
- 2 Construction Equipment & its Management. Sharma, S. C. Khanna Publishers
- 3 Tunnel Engineering Handbook Thomas R. Kuesel, Elwyn H. King, John O. Bickel Springer
- 4 Practical tunnel construction Gary B. Hemphill Wiley Publishers
- 5 Success with drones in Civil Engineering Brett Hoffstadt Kindle
- 6 Construction Technology for Tall Buildings Michael Yit Lin Chew World Scientific
- 7 The prefabricated home Colin Davies Reaktion Books
- 8 Literature/specifications/downloadable videos available on Doka and Mivaan shuttering websites.
- 9 Accelerated Bridge Construction: Best Practices and Techniques Mohiuddin Ali Khan BH Elsevier

**Reference Books:**

- 1 Design and Construction of Nuclear Power Plants Rüdiger Meiswinkel, Julian Meyer, Jürgen Schnell Wiley Publishers
- 2 Energy and Power generation handbook K.R Rao ASME Press
- 3 Magnetic Levitation Hyung-Suk Han Dong-Sung Kim Springer
- 4 Metro Rail Projects in India M Ramachandran Oxford
- 5 BIM Handbook Eastman,Teicholz,Sacks,Liston John Wiley and Sons
- 6 IRC:43-2015 Recommended Practice for Plants, Tools and Equipment Required for Construction and Maintenance of Concrete Roads (First Revision).
- 7 IRC-2018 Pocket book for Road Construction Equipment.
- 8 IRC: SP-97- 2013 Guidelines on Compaction Equipment for Roads Works

## Semester-VI

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CEDLO6014	Department Level Optional Course -2 Urban Infrastructure Planning	03

Contact Hours			Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
03	-	-	03	-	-	03

Theory					Term Work/Practical/Oral			Total
Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	Term Work	Pract.	Oral	
Test-I	Test-II	Average						
20	20	20	80	3 Hours	-	-	-	100

## Rationale

Indian cities are currently expanding at a rapid rate, and are therefore facing immense pressure for the improvement of their services and infrastructure. Without coordination and planning for the anticipated spatial growth and densification, the infrastructure services are neglected. Such growth areas can become under-serviced places of the cities, one from which many problems of the city stem: water, sanitation and waste problems, uncontrolled pests, and crime due to poor access to water and sanitation services. To address the emerging issues of urban centre, there is a pressing need to train urban infrastructure specialists who can comprehensively plan for city's growing infrastructure needs and formulate projects for efficient infrastructure service delivery for existing areas. There are ample urban infrastructure challenges and opportunities in terms of planning; effective policy, program and project formulation for well-trained young urban infrastructure professionals with specific domain knowledge

## Objectives

- 1 Describe an infrastructure system using accurate terminology;
- 2 Demonstrate an understanding of the main concepts and principles of infrastructure planning;
- 3 Identify the key features of a sustainable infrastructure system and explain how they promote sustainable development;
- 4 Apply analytical tools for infrastructure planning;
- 5 Critically evaluate infrastructure cases/projects/proposals through the lens of sustainability;
- 6 Identify the gaps between theoretical principles of sustainable infrastructure and their application in practices

**Detailed Syllabus**

<b>Module</b>	<b>Course Module / Contents</b>		<b>Periods</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction to Planning</b>		<b>04</b>
	1.1	Origins and growth of cities, effects of cultural influence on physical form; Human settlements as an expression of civilizations; Basic elements of the city; Concepts of space, time, scale of cities.	
	1.2	Contribution of housing to micro and macro economy, contribution to national wealth and GDP, housing taxation, national budgets, fiscal concessions; need of affordable housing for urban poor, concept of RERA	
<b>2</b>	<b>Urban Economics</b>		<b>06</b>
	2.1	General introduction to principles of economics and public finance. Importance of economics in Urban Development and Planning	
	2.2	Industrial location policies, any other economic activity base policies and their impact on urban development, Role of land economics in preparation of Urban Development plans. Relevant case studies of Urban Land Economics.	
	2.3	Economic growth and development, quality of life; Human development index, poverty and income distribution, employment and livelihood; Economic principles in land use planning; Policies and strategies in economic planning, balanced versus unbalanced growth, public sector dominance; changing economic policies, implications on land.	
<b>3</b>	<b>Infrastructure Planning</b>		<b>12</b>
	3.1	Role of Infrastructure in Development, Elements of Infrastructure (physical, social, utilities and services); Basic definitions, concepts, significance and importance; Data required for provision and planning of urban networks and services; Resource analysis, provision of infrastructure, and land requirements; Principles of resource distribution in space; Types, hierarchical distribution of facilities, Access to facilities, provision and location criteria, Norms and standards, etc.	
	3.2	Zoning, Various growth patterns of town, Housing layouts and road networks in town, Urban aesthetics and landscaping, MRTD and Land Acquisition Acts	
		Planning and Management of Water, Sanitation and Storm Water; Water – sources of water, treatment and storage, transportation and distribution, quality, networks, distribution losses, water harvesting, recycling and reuse, norms and standards of provision, institutional arrangements, planning	

		provisions and management issues; Sanitation – points of generation, collection, treatment, disposal, norms and standards, grey water disposal, institutional arrangements, planning provisions and management issues. Storm water – rainfall data interpretation, points of water stagnation, system of natural drains, surface topography and soil characteristics, ground water replenishment, storm water collection and disposal, norms and standards, institutional arrangements, planning provisions and management issues;	
	3.3	Solid Waste Disposal and Management Basic principles, generation, characteristics, collection, disposal, management	
	3.4	Fire and Electrification, and Social Infrastructure Planning for fire protection, services and space standards, location criteria; Planning for Education, health, civic, cultural infrastructure and facilities for transport and other miscellaneous infrastructure services	
	3.5	Planning for Education, health, civic, cultural infrastructure and facilities for transport and other miscellaneous infrastructure services	
	<b>Traffic and Transportation Planning</b>		
	4.1	Evaluation of urban structure: Transport system, infrastructure and management, transport systems and their types, design and operating characteristics, urban road hierarchy, planning, and management criteria for road and junction improvements, arterial improvement techniques.	
<b>4</b>	4.2	Traffic management, mass transit system: Problems and prospects. Review of existing traffic management schemes in Indian cities. Case study of various metro rail project envisaged for Mumbai, Navi Mumbai & Pune.	<b>07</b>
	4.3	Economic evaluation: pricing and funding of transport services and systems, economic appraisal of highway and transport projects. Techniques for estimating direct and indirect road user costs and benefit value of time	
	4.4	Intelligent transport system (ITS) its types and applications	
	<b>Urban Management and Governance</b>		
<b>5</b>	5.1	Introduction to Development Management and Urban Governance- Concept, approaches, components, interface with national goals and political economic system. Urban Development Management Strategies, Tools and Techniques; organizations involved Land and Real Estate Development Economic concepts of land, Land Pricing / valuation; Urban reforms and acts and policies. Overview of Urban Governance Definition, concepts, components, government and governance, hierarchy and structure, forms of governance, process of inclusion and exclusion.	<b>06</b>



	5.2	Information System and Urban Reforms Spatial and Non - spatial information systems; Use of GIS in overlaying infrastructure facilities, use of remote sensing in identifying and mapping urban structures.	
	5.3	Present organizations and involved in urban governance with focus on MCGM, TMC and CIDCO. Urban Local Governance and Participatory Processes System, structure, functions, powers, process and resource, performance, interface with NGO's, other agencies.	
<b>6</b>	<b>Environmentally Safe and Disaster Resilient Infrastructure</b>		<b>04</b>
	6.1	Frame work, statement prediction and assessment of impacts of air, water, noise, cultural and socio-economic environment. Methods of impact analysis, public participation. Environmental protection international and national agencies and legislation, Environment Impact Assessment. Urban Heat Island Effect, Effect of uncontrolled growth of town	
	6.2	Disaster response planning, roles and responsibilities of various agencies Emergency operation support and management Planning for Disaster Prone Areas, Planning requisites for disaster prone areas and preventive measures, Vulnerability analysis	
<b>Total</b>			<b>39</b>

### Contribution to Outcome

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1 Explain the concepts related to planning of modern cities, GDP contribution, RERA, affordable housing
- 2 Elaborate the economics involved in urban infrastructure planning
- 3 Envisage the various elements required for infrastructure development of a city and describe the concepts, significance and importance of each
- 4 Evaluate technical, social and economic feasibility of transportation projects within cities
- 5 Demonstrate modern tool usage for urban management and governance
- 6 Design environmentally safe and disaster resilient infrastructure

### Internal Assessment

**20 Marks**

Consisting of two Compulsory Class Tests –

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in first test).

Average of marks will be considered for IAE.

## **End Semester Examination**

**80 Marks**

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1 Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2 Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum.
- 3 Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3).
- 4 Only Four questions need to be solved.

### **Recommended Books:**

- 1 The Urban and Regional Planning Reader, edited by Eugenie L. Birch, Published by Routledge, 2008; ISBN 978-0-415-319
- 2 Housing: The Essential Foundations, edited by Dr. Paul Balchin, Paul Balchin, Maureen Rhoden, Edition Routledge, DOI <https://doi.org/10.4324/9780203010426>, eBook ISBN 9780203010426
- 3 New Urban Housing by Hilary French, Publisher: Yale University Press, ISBN0300115784 (ISBN13: 9780300115789)
- 4 Sociology: A Brief Introduction, by Richard T. Schaefer, Publisher: McGraw-Hill Education, ISBN 10:1259425584, ISBN 13: 9781259425585
- 5 Sociology: Principles of Sociology with an Introduction to Social Thoughts, by Rao C.N. Shankar, S. Chand Publication
- 6 Projects: Preparation, Appraisal, Budgeting and Implementation by Prasanna Chandra, Tata McGraw-Hill; ISBN0074516280 (ISBN13: 9780074516287)
- 7 Introduction to Transportation Planning, by B. Bruton, Michael J. Bruton; Published by Hutchinson Radius; ISBN0091580412 (ISBN13: 9780091580414)

### **Reference Books:**

- 1 Modern Economics by H.L. Ahuja, 19th Revised Edition, Published by S.Chand (G/L) & Company Ltd
- 2 Economics, An Introductory Analysis by Paul A. Samuelson, William D. Nordhaus, Published July 27th 2004 by Irwin/McGraw-Hill (first published 1948), ISBN0072872055 (ISBN13: 9780072872057)
- 3 Modelling Transport, by de Dios Ortuzar and Luis G. Willumsen, 4th Edition, Wiley Publication
- 4 Principles of Urban Transport Systems Planning, by B.G. Hutchinson, Publisher: Scripta Book Co.; ISBN0070315396 (ISBN13: 9780070315396)
- 5 Traffic Engineering and Transport Planning, L. R. Kadiyali, Khanna Publishers, 1983
- 6 Remote Sensing and GIS, by Basudeb Bhatta, second Edition, Oxford University press
- 7 NEPA and Environmental Planning: Tools, Techniques, and Approaches for Practitioners; Charles H. Eccleston; CRC Press
- 8 Planning for Disaster: How Natural and Manmade Disasters Shape the Built Environment, by William Ramroth; Publisher: Kaplan Business; Original edition; ISBN-13: 978-1419593734.

## Semester-VI

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CEDLO6015	Department Level Optional Course -2 Open Channel Flow	03

Contact Hours			Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
03	-	-	03	-	-	03

Theory					Term Work/Practical/Oral			Total
Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	Term Work	Pract.	Oral	
Test-I	Test-II	Average						
20	20	20	80	3 Hours	-	-	-	100

## Rationale

Civil engineers deal with the analysis and design of irrigation systems which include dams, weirs, barrages, canals, drains and other supporting systems, for which good knowledge of dynamics of open channel flow is very much essential. Hence this course is designed to study different types of flow like uniform flow, non- uniform flow, spatially varied flow, and unsteady flow occurring in open channels. Competencies developed by this course would therefore be useful for students to handle and solve the practical problems/ issues in the field of Water resource management, Water shed Management etc. It is expected that the students will be better equipped to address various engineering problems related to hydrology and hydraulics.

## Objectives

- 1 Understand the nature of flow, explain the basic concepts of uniform flow and to design the best hydraulic sections in open channel.
- 2 Apply the Energy concepts of fluid in open channel and demonstrate various flow measurement devices in open channels.
- 3 Develop Dynamic equation to compute the flow profiles for Gradually varied flow and classify water profiles in prismatic channels with different slope conditions.
- 4 Illustrate the causes of Rapidly varied flow, predict the formation of hydraulic jump and its applications.
- 5 Determine different types of spatially varied flow with varying discharges and characteristics of water surface profiles.
- 6 Study and analyze the temporal flow variations in open channel and the formation of surges.

**Detailed Syllabus**

<b>Module</b>	<b>Course Module / Contents</b>		<b>Periods</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Uniform Flow</b>		<b>07</b>
	1.1	Flow through open channel, Types of channels, open and covered channels, Classification of flow in channel, Geometrical properties, velocity distribution in a channel section	
	1.2	Uniform flow in open channels, Discharge through open channel, Manning's and Chezy's Equation, Determination of roughness coefficients,	
	1.3	Determination of Conveyance of a channel, Hydraulic mean depth, Normal depth and Normal velocity, computation of uniform flow	
	1.4	Most economical sections of prismatic channels, condition for maximum velocity in a circular channel, condition for maximum discharge in a circular channel	
<b>2</b>	<b>Energy-Depth Relationships</b>		<b>07</b>
	2.1	Specific energy, Specific energy curve, Depth- Discharge diagram, critical depth, critical slope, critical flow, alternate depths	
	2.2	Condition for maximum discharge for a given value of Specific energy	
	2.3	Momentum in open channel flow- Specific force, specific force diagram, Dimensionless specific force diagram,	
	2.4	Critical flow and its computation, Application of specific energy and discharge diagrams to channel transitions	
	2.5	Metering Flumes- Venturi flume, Standing wave flume, Parshall flume, Determination of mean velocity of flow, Measurement of discharge in Rivers	
<b>3</b>	<b>Non-Uniform Flow: Gradually Varied Flow</b>		<b>07</b>
	3.1	Dynamic equation of Gradually Varied Flow (GVF) in rectangular and wide rectangular channels	
	3.2	Types of slopes- channel bottom slopes and water surface slopes, classification of channel bottom slopes and surface profiles	
	3.3	Characteristics of surface profiles, Backwater curve and drawdown curve	
	3.4	Computation of GVF-Direct Step and Standard step method, Numerical methods, Graphical Integration method	

<b>4</b>	<b>Non-Uniform Flow: Rapidly Varied Flow</b>		<b>07</b>
	4.1	Rapidly varied flow (RVF), Hydraulic Jump, Momentum equation for the jump	
	4.2	Hydraulic jump in a rectangular channel, Froude Number before and after jump, Classification of jumps, Characteristics of jump in a rectangular channel	
	4.3	Jumps in non-rectangular channel, applications of jump, location of jump, surges in open channel	
	4.4	Use of RVF for flow measurement purpose-Sharp crested weir, Broad crested weir, Ogee spillway, sluice gate	
<b>5</b>	<b>Spatially Varied Flow</b>		<b>06</b>
	5.1	Importance of Spatially Varied Flow (SVF), Causes, Continuity, Momentum and Energy Equation	
	5.2	Water surface profiles, Applications, Differential Equation for SVF with increasing and decreasing discharge-	
	5.3	Relevant case studies	
<b>6</b>	<b>Unsteady Flow</b>		<b>05</b>
	6.1	Basic concepts of Gradually varied unsteady flow, Rapidly varied unsteady flow	
	6.2	Positive and negative surges	
	6.3	Relevant case studies	
<b>Total</b>			<b>39</b>

### Contribution to Outcome

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1 Describe the basic nature of flow in open channels, analyze the behaviour of flow and apply basic theories to design the optimum channel sections.
- 2 Demonstrate the energy concepts in open channel and its practical applications.
- 3 Apply dynamic equation for Gradually varied flow (GVF) and evaluate water profiles at different conditions in prismatic channels.
- 4 Differentiate between GVF and Rapidly Varied Flow (RVF), analyze hydraulic jump in open channel and its importance.
- 5 Explain the spatially varied flow and classify water profiles.
- 6 Discuss the temporal variations of flow in GVF and RVF in open channel.

### Internal Assessment

**20 Marks**

Consisting of two Compulsory Class Tests –

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in first test).

Average of marks will be considered for IAE.

**End Semester Examination****80 Marks**

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1 Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2 Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum.
- 3 Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3).
- 4 Only Four questions need to be solved.

**Recommended Books:**

- 1 Flow in Open channels: K. Subramanya, Tata Mc Graw -Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi
- 2 Flow through Open channels: Rajesh Srivastava, Oxford University Press
- 3 Flow through Open channels: K. G. Ranga Raju, Tata Mc Graw -Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi
- 4 Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulics: Dr S.K. Ukarande, Ane's Books Pvt. Ltd., (Revised Version 2012)
- 5 Hydraulics & Fluid Mechanics: Modi P.N. & Seth S.M, Standard book house, New Delhi

**Reference Books:**

- 1 Open channel Hydraulics: Chow, V.T., McGraw Hill International, New York
- 2 Open Channel Flow: Henderson F.M., McGraw Hill International
- 3 Open Channel Flow: M. Hanif Chaudhry, Prentice Hall of India.
- 4 Open channel Hydraulics: French, R.H., McGraw Hill International

## Semester-VI

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CEDLO6016	Department Level Optional Course - 1 Computational Structural Analysis	03

Contact Hours			Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
03	-	-	03	-	-	03

Theory					Term Work/Practical/Oral			Total
Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	Term Work	Pract.	Oral	
Test-I	Test-II	Average						
20	20	20	80	3 Hours	-	-	-	100

### Rationale

This subject deals with the conceptual applications of principles of mechanics of rigid and deformable bodies in Structural Engineering.

### Objectives

- To understand basic concepts of Matrix Methods of Structural Analysis and application of approximation techniques (Numerical Methods) in analysis of Structural Member
- To analyze the behavior of structural members viz beams/plane trusses/continuous beams/portal frames

### Detailed Syllabus

Module	Course Module / Contents	Periods
<b>1</b>	<b>Basic concepts of structural analysis and methods of solving simultaneous equations</b>	<b>04</b>
	1.1 Introduction, Types of framed structures	
	1.2 Static and Kinematic Indeterminacy, Equilibrium equations	
	1.3 Compatibility conditions, principle of superposition, Energy principles, Equivalent joint loads	
	1.4 Methods of solving linear simultaneous equations- Gauss elimination method, Cholesky method and Gauss- Seidel method.	

2	<b>Fundamentals of Flexibility and Stiffness Methods</b>		07
	2.1	Concepts of stiffness and flexibility	
	2.2	Local and Global coordinates	
	2.3	Development of element flexibility and element stiffness matrices for truss, beam and grid elements	
	2.4	Force- transformation matrix	
	2.5	Development of global flexibility matrix for continuous beams, plane trusses and Rigid plane frames	
	2.6	Displacement- transformation matrix, Development of global stiffness matrix for continuous beams, plane trusses and rigid plane frames.	
3	<b>Analysis Using Flexibility Method (Including Secondary Effects)</b>		07
	3.1	Continuous beams, plane trusses and rigid plane frames	
4	<b>Analysis Using Stiffness Method (Including Secondary Effects)</b>		07
	4.1	Continuous beams, plane trusses and rigid plane frames	
5	<b>Direct stiffness Method</b>		07
	5.1	Stiffness matrix for truss element in local and global coordinates	
	5.2	Analysis of plane trusses	
	5.3	Stiffness matrix for beam element	
	5.4	Analysis of continuous beams and orthogonal frames.	
6	<b>Finite Element Method</b>		07
	6.1	Historical Background – Mathematical Modeling of field problems in Engineering	
	6.2	Governing Equations – Discrete and continuous models	
	6.3	Boundary, Initial and Eigen Value problems– Weighted Residual Methods – Variational Formulation of Boundary Value	
	6.4	Basic concepts of the Finite Element Method.	
	6.5	One Dimensional Second Order Equations – Discretization – Element types- Linear and Higher order Elements – Derivation of Shape functions and Stiffness matrices and force vectors- Assembly of Matrices – Solution of problems from solid mechanics.	
<b>Total</b>			<b>39</b>



## Contribution to Outcome

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1 Formulate force displacement relation by flexibility and stiffness method
- 2 Analyze the plane trusses, continuous beams and portal frames by transformation approach
- 3 Analyze the structures by direct stiffness method
- 4 Explain the basics of finite element formulation.
- 5 Apply finite element formulations to solve one dimensional Problems

### **Internal Assessment**

**20 Marks**

Consisting of two Compulsory Class Tests –

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in first test).

Average of marks will be considered for IAE.

### **End Semester Examination**

**80 Marks**

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1 Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2 Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum.
- 3 Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3).
- 4 Only Four questions need to be solved.

### **Recommended Books:**

- 1 Matrix Methods of Structural Analysis, S. S Bhavikatti, WILEY
- 2 Matrix Analysis of Framed Structures, Weaver, W., and Gere, J.M., CBS Publishers and distributors pvt. Ltd., 2004.
- 3 Computational Structural Mechanics, Rajasekaran, S., and Sankarasubramanian, G., PHI, New Dehi, 2001.
- 4 Introductions to Matrix Methods of Structural Analysis, Martin, H, C., McGraw-Hill, New York, 1966.
- 5 Structural Analysis A Matrix Approach, G. S. Pandit, S. P. Gupta, TATA McGraw Hill
- 6 Matrix Computer Analysis of Structures, Rubinstein, M.F., Prentice-Hall

### **Reference Books:**

- 1 Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, S S. Sastry, ASIN : 8120345924, Publisher-Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited.
- 2 Introduction to the Finite Element Method, Desai Abel, CBS Publishers and distributors
- 3 Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering, Chandrupatala, Belugundu, Pearson Education Publisher : Pearson; 4th edition (20 December 2011)
- 4 Numerical Methods for Engineers, Steven Chapra, Tata McGraw Hill

## Semester-VI

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CEDLO6017	Department Level Optional Course -2 Traffic Engineering and Management	03

Contact Hours			Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
03	-	-	03	-	-	03

Theory					Term Work/Practical/Oral			Total
Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	Term Work	Pract.	Oral	
Test-I	Test-II	Average						
20	20	20	80	3 Hours	-	-	-	100

## Rationale

Traffic Engineering Management follows the Transportation Planning and is the specialized branch of the Highway Engineering, which introduces the concepts of characterizing traffic, various modeling approaches, and design of facilities to control and manage traffic. A key feature of the course is that it is well connected with the current design and analysis practice stipulated in national standards, and manuals. Therefore, it deals with the application of scientific principles, tools, techniques and findings for safe, rapid, economical and efficient movement of people and vehicles.

## Objectives

- 1 To understand the concepts of traffic characteristics, traffic surveys to be conducted for planning any transportation network or judging the adequacy of the existing one
- 2 The application of various statistical tools to the analysis of the large data base emerging out of extensive traffic surveys and transportation and traffic planning.
- 3 To understand the concept of various features of the intersection infrastructures, their necessity, pros and cons, design or planning principles and subsequently, to design / plan the features such as channelization, island, speed change lanes and parking facility.
- 4 To understand the concept of highway capacity and such other components such as Passenger Car Unit and Level of Service affecting the Capacity; and Speed- Flow- Density Relationship and various theories describing these relationships.
- 5 To understand the importance of Highway Safety and implementation of Traffic System Management (TSM) Measures and subsequent to study the various Traffic Control Devices and aspects of Highway Lighting.
- 6 To explore the future of traffic engineering in the form of Intelligent Transportation system

## Detailed Syllabus

Module	Course Module / Contents		Periods
<b>1</b>	<b>Traffic Characteristics and Surveys</b>		<b>03</b>
	1.1	Scope, Traffic Elements - Characteristics-vehicle, road user and road - Traffic studies-speed & delay, traffic volume, O & D, parking and accidents - Sample size, study methodology - Data analysis & inferences.	
<b>2</b>	<b>Application of Statistics in Traffic Engineering</b>		<b>05</b>
	2.1	Various probability distributions & their applications - Parameter estimation - Hypothesis testing - Random variables	
	2.2	Estimation and analysis of simple regression models - Correlation coefficients - Analysis of correlation coefficients	
	2.3	Application of queuing theory as applied to traffic flow problems for study state conditions	
<b>3</b>	<b>Intersection Design</b>		<b>10</b>
	3.1	Types of intersections - Conflict diagrams –Control hierarchy- Design of rotaries (Indo-HCM 2017) & at-grade intersections – Signal design as per IRC:93- Grade separated intersections & their warrants, coordination of signals, types of area traffic control	
<b>4</b>	<b>Traffic Flow Theory</b>		<b>10</b>
	4.1	Measurement, microscopic and macroscopic Study of Traffic Stream Characteristic -Flow, Speed and Density; pace – Time diagram, Headways, Speeds, Gaps and Lags; gap acceptance. Fundamental Equation of Traffic Flow, Speed-Flow-Density Relationships, Shock Wave Theory Passenger’s car units, Factors affecting PCU and methods to determine PCU, level of service, factor affecting capacity and level of service. Capacity and level of service suggested for different road facilities as discussed in Indo-HCM 2017, review of flow density speed studies, Light hill and Whitham’s theory, fundamentals of traffic stimulation modeling.	
<b>5</b>	<b>Traffic Management and Road safety Audit</b>		<b>07</b>
	5.1	Various measures for traffic systems management and travel demand management-Congestion management -cost effective Management, their scope, relative merits and demerits. (Pedestrians and Cyclist Management) (IRC SP:55-2014)	
	5.2	Highway Lighting: Important definitions, law of illumination, discernment by artificial lighting, mounting height, spacing lantern arrangements, types of lamps, lighting of some important highway structures.	
	5.3	Accidents: Accident cause, recording system, analysis and	

		preventive measures, accident cost, alternative methodologies for calculation.	
	5.4	Road Safety Audit: Global & Local perspective – Road safety issues – Road safety programmers – Types of RSA, planning design, construction & operation stage audits – Methodology – Road safety audit measures, road safety audit process as per IRC: SP-88-2010	
<b>6</b>	<b>Intelligent Transportation System</b>		<b>04</b>
	6.1	Overview of ITS implementations in developed countries, ITS in developing countries. Study of IRC: SP-110-2017	
	6.2	Historical Background, Benefits of ITS – Introduction to Automatic Vehicle Location (AVL), Automatic Vehicle Identification (AVI), Geographic Information Systems (GIS), Traffic control and monitoring aspects.	
	6.3	Application of ITS: Advanced Traffic Management Systems (ATMS) Advanced Vehicle Control Systems (AVCS), Public Transportation Systems (APTS), Advanced Rural Transportation Systems (ARTS), Automated Highway Systems	
<b>Total</b>			<b>39</b>
<b>Contribution to Outcome</b>			

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1 Understand different characteristics of the road users and vehicles from their consideration and view point in the traffic engineering and transportation planning.
- 2 Conduct different traffic surveys, analyzing the data collected as a part of such studies and interpreting it with the help of the different statistical models.
- 3 Explain the concepts of PCU and LOS, their implication in determination of the capacity using Speed-Flow-Density relationships.
- 4 Discuss the aspects associated with road safety, its audit and different TSM measures.
- 5 Discuss transportation planning and ascertain the financial viability of any transportation network in the inception stage itself.
- 6 Improve the effectiveness and efficiency of transportation systems through advanced technologies in Information systems and communication.

#### **Internal Assessment**

**20 Marks**

Consisting of two Compulsory Class Tests –

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in first test).

Average of marks will be considered for IAE.

#### **End Semester Examination**

**80 Marks**

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1 Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2 Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum.

- 3 Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3).
- 4 Only Four questions need to be solved.

**Recommended Books:**

- 1 Kadiyali, L.R., Traffic Engineering and Transport Planning, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2 Srinivasa Kumar .R ,Introduction to Traffic Engineering,The Orient Blackswan;south Asian Edition,2018.
- 3 Chakroborty P., Das N., Principles of Transportation Engineering, PHI,New Delhi,2003
- 4 Khanna S.K., Justo C.E.G., Highway Engineering, Nem Chand & Bros., Roorkee, 2001
- 5 Khisty C J,LallB.Kent; Transportation Engineering-An Introduction, Prentice-Hall,NJ, 2005
- 6 May, A.D., Traffic Flow Fundamentals, Prentice – Hall, Inc., New Jersey,1990.
- 7 O’Flaherty C A, Highways- Traffic Planning & Engineering, Edward Arnold, UK
- 8 Drew, D.R., Traffic Flow Theory and Control, McGraw-Hill, New York.
- 9 Benjamin J. R., Cornell C. A., Probability Statistics and Decision for Civil Engineers, McGraw-Hill, 1970.
- 10 Asad J. Khattak , Intelligent Transportation Systems: Planning, Operations, and Evaluation, CRC Press

**Reference Books:**

- 1 Transportation Engineering and Planning Papacostas, C. S., Prevedouros, P. D., PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 2 Transportation Engineering: Khisty, C.J. and Lall, K.B.; PHI Learning Pvt.Ltd.
- 3 Introduction to Urban Transport Systems, Planning: Hutchinson, B.G.;McGraw-Hill.
- 4 Economics of Transportation: Fair and Williams, Harper and Brothers, Publishers, NewYork.
- 5 Highway Capacity Manual, Transportation Research Board, National Research Council, WashingtonD.C.
- 6 Relevant IRC Codes amended time to time.

## Semester-VI

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CEDLO6018	Department Level Optional Course -2 Introduction to Offshore Engineering	03

Contact Hours			Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
03	-	-	03	-	-	03

Theory					Term Work/Practical/Oral			Total
Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	Term Work	Pract.	Oral	
Test-I	Test-II	Average						
20	20	20	80	3 Hours	-	-	-	100

### Rationale

Offshore Engineering discipline deals with the design and construction of structures intended to work in the ocean environment. The majority of offshore structures are used in the Oil and Gas industry. Offshore construction is the installation of structures and facilities in a marine environment. Civil Engineering graduates will be able to work in the specialized field of ocean and coastal environment.

### Objectives

- 1 To understand the complexities in offshore construction and obtaining resources from the ocean.
- 2 To addresses the general engineering concepts that are fundamental to offshore engineering.
- 3 To understand types of sites and platform structures, key engineering systems and ocean environmental monitoring

### Detailed Syllabus

Module	Course Module / Contents		Periods
1	<b>Introduction:</b>		05
	1.1	History and current state of the art of offshore structures, Definition of Offshore Structures, Met ocean Engineering: wind, wave and current loads on offshore structures	
2	<b>Environment &amp; Construction:</b>		06
	2.1	Offshore environment, Construction and launching, offshore project management,	
3	<b>Ocean Construction:</b>		06

	3.1	Types of Platforms: Jackets, Tension Leg Platforms (TLP), Semisubmersibles, Jack-ups, Concrete Gravity, deep water construction in ocean, offshore site investigations	
4	<b>Offshore Pipelines:</b>		06
	4.1	Hydrostatic, hydrodynamic analysis and structural design	
5	<b>Buoys and Mooring systems:</b>		08
	5.1	Buoys and Mooring systems Mooring configurations, advantages and disadvantages	
6	<b>Design Criteria:</b>		08
	6.1	Introduction to probabilistic design, extreme load & strength & fatigue, basics of anchoring and mooring system, riser system, Scaling laws & Model testing, Challenges in Deepwater testing: deep-water installations, constructions challenges.	
<b>Total</b>			<b>39</b>

### Contribution to Outcome

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1 To know various offshore construction methodologies
- 2 To addresses the general engineering concepts during construction stages.
- 3 To handle complexities and key engineering systems in ocean environment

#### Internal Assessment

**20 Marks**

Consisting of two Compulsory Class Tests –

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in first test).

Average of marks will be considered for IAE.

#### End Semester Examination

**80 Marks**

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

- 1 Question paper will comprise of total six questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2 Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum.
- 3 Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3).
- 4 Only Four questions need to be solved.

#### Recommended Books:

- 1 Subrata K. Chakrabarti (2005): Handbook of offshore engineering Volume–I & II, Elsevier, The Boulevard Langford Lane, Kidlington, Oxford OX5 1GB, UK.
- 2 Deo M C (2013):Waves and Structures, <http://www.civil.iitb.ac.in/~mcdeo/waves.html>
- 3 American Petroleum Institute, Recommended Practice for Planning, Designing and Constructing Fixed Offshore Platforms - Load and Resistance Factor Design, 1st Edition, 1993. (TP690.A642 RP2A-LRFD)
- 4 American Petroleum Institute, Recommended Practice for Planning, Designing and Constructing Fixed Offshore Platforms - Working Stress Design, 21st ed., 2000. (TP690.A642 RP2A-WSD).

## Semester-VI

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CEL601	Design and Drawing of Steel Structures (Lab)	01

Contact Hours			Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
-	02	-	-	01	-	01

Theory					Term Work/Practical/Oral			Total
Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	Term Work	Pract.	Oral	
Test-I	Test-II	Average						
-	-	-	-	-	25	-	25	50

### Course Objectives:

- 1 To estimate the design loads on steel structures as per IS 875
- 2 To analyze the member forces by any suitable method.
- 3 To design the members for axial, flexure and shear forces.
- 4 To prepare the detailed design report and fabrication drawings by manual or CAD software.

### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, learner will be able to:

- 1 Calculate dead, live and wind loads on the structure.
- 2 Analyze the structure by analytical/graphical method.
- 3 Use steel table for selecting appropriate section.
- 4 Design the members for various load combinations.
- 5 Design the bolted and welded connection.
- 6 Read and Prepare the detailed fabrication drawing and design report.



<b>The Project shall be given to a group of students consisting of not more than 10 students.</b>		
<b>List of the Projects</b>		
<b>Schedule</b>	<b>Detailed Content</b>	<b>Lab Session / Hr.</b>
<b>Project 1</b>	<b>Design and drawing of steel roof truss for industrial shed should consist of the following items.</b>	
1 <sup>st</sup> Week	Introduction, problem statement, Calculation of panel point DL, LL, and WL on truss.	02
2 <sup>nd</sup> Week	Analysis of truss by graphical method/ any software and calculation of design loads in members	02
3 <sup>rd</sup> Week	Design of purlins, Principal rafter, Main Tie, Design of remaining members of truss. etc.	02
4 <sup>th</sup> Week	Design of bolted /welded connections and design of sliding and hinged supports including anchor bolts	02
5 <sup>th</sup> Week	To generate/draw fabrication drawings on full imperial size drawing sheet and design report on A4 size pages.	02
6 <sup>th</sup> Week	To generate fabrication drawings and design report including estimation of steel required.	02
<b>Project 2</b>	<b>Design and drawing of floor beam system for steel building G+1 should consist of the following items</b>	
7 <sup>th</sup> Week	Introduction, problem statement and to draw grid floor plan.	02
8 <sup>th</sup> Week	Calculation of DL, LL on slab, beams etc. and to analyze frame for BM and SF.	02
9 <sup>th</sup> Week	Calculation of design loads on columns and footing.	02
10 <sup>th</sup> Week	Design of beams, columns and footings.	02
11 <sup>th</sup> Week	Design of beam end and beam-column connections.	02
12 <sup>th</sup> Week	To generate/draw fabrication drawings on Full imperial size drawing sheet and design report on A4 size pages.	02
13 <sup>th</sup> Week	To generate fabrication drawings and design report including estimation of steel required.	02

**Assessment:**

• **Term Work**

Shall consist of design report and fabrication drawings for the above projects and Site visit report related to this course. Distribution of marks for Term Work shall be as follows:

Project 1+Project 2+ Site visit report : 20 Marks

Attendance : 05 Marks

Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, following guidelines shall be resorted to: 75% - 80%: 03 Marks; 81% - 90%: 04 Marks; 91% onwards: 05 Marks.

- **End Semester Oral Examination**

Oral Examination will be based on Sketching Examination, Term Work and Entire syllabus

**Recommended Books:**

- 1 Design of Steel Structure by N. Subramanian, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 2 Limit state design of steel structures by S. K. Duggal, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Limited, New Delhi.
- 3 Design of steel structure by Limit State Method as per IS: 800- 2007 by Bhavikatti S. S., I.K. International Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 4 Design of Steel Structures by K. S. Sai Ram, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 5 Limit state design of steel structures as per IS 800/2007. by S. Kanthimathinathan. I.K. International Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 6 Relevant Indian Specifications, Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi.

**Reference Books:**

- 1 Design of Steel Structure by Allen Williams
- 2 Practical Design of Steel Structure by Karuna Moy Ghosh, Whittles Publishing
- 3 Structural design and drawing by D. Krishnamurthy, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4 Teaching Resources Material for steel structures by INSDAG Kolkata.

## Semester-VI

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CEL602	Water Resources Engineering (Lab)	01

Contact Hours			Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
-	02	-	-	01	-	01

Theory					Term Work/Practical/Oral			Total
Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	Term Work	Pract.	Oral	
Test-I	Test-II	Average						
-	-	-	-	-	25	-	25	50

### Course Objectives:

- 1 To study different irrigation engineering methods and water requirement of crops.
- 2 To study hydrological cycle, its elements and plotting of hydrographs.
- 3 To study and calculate discharge from aquifers.
- 4 To study control level fixation for reservoir, Dams i.e gravity dam, its various components and analysis and suitable conditions of earthen dam and its seepage analysis.
- 5 To study importance of silt theories and its design considerations.
- 6 To study Canal headwork, its distribution system and design of canal structures.

### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, learner will be able to:

- 1 Classify various techniques of water distribution and compute water requirement of crops.
- 2 Discuss in detail about hydrological process and interpret plotting of hydrographs.
- 3 Apply their knowledge on well hydraulics and compute discharge from an aquifer.
- 4 Classify and describe various hydraulic structures such as dams and carry out its analysis for structural stability.
- 5 Compare different silt theories related to irrigation channel and design the same.
- 6 Identify and classify different canal head works - its distribution system and canal structures.

<b>List of Experiments (Minimum Five)</b>		
<b>Module</b>	<b>Detailed Content</b>	<b>Lab Session / Hr.</b>
<b>Assignment</b>		
1	Assignment no 1: Irrigation projects in India and Numerical based Water requirement of crops.	02
2	Assignment no 2: Numerical based on missing data, hydrographs.	02
3	Assignment no 3: Numerical based on yield of aquifer.	02
4	Assignment no 4: Numerical based on stability of gravity dam, seepage line (earthen dam)	02
5	Assignment no 5: Numerical based on Silt Theories	02
6	Assignment no 6: Case study on different canals in India and abroad.	02
<b>Model Preparation (if possible, prepare any one model from below suggested topic)</b>		
1	Prepare a model for any one water distribution technique referring to introductory chapter.	06
2	Prepare model for Dam (Gravity or Earthen Dam).	

**Assessment:**

• **Term Work**

Comprises of Assignments which has to be submitted by each student individually and preparation of model can be worked out in group of 6 members each.

Distribution of marks for Term Work shall be as follows:

Assignments	:	20 Marks
Attendance	:	05 Marks

Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, following guidelines shall be resorted to: 75% - 80%: 03 Marks; 81% - 90%: 04 Marks; 91% onwards: 05 Marks.

• **End Semester Oral Examination**

Pair of Internal and External Examiner should conduct oral examination.

**Reference Books:**

- 1 Irrigation and Water Power Engineering: B.C. Punmia, Pande B.B.Lal, A.K Jain. Laxmi Publications Pvt, Ltd. New Delhi.
- 2 Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures: S.K. Ukarande, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd. ISBN-9789383656899.
- 3 Irrigation Water Resources and Water Power Engineering: P.N. Modi, Standard Book House, Delhi, ISBN 978-81-87401-29-0.
- 4 Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulics Structures: S. K. Garg, Khanna Publishers. Delhi.
- 5 Design of Irrigation Structures: S. K. Sharma, S. Chand and Co.
- 6 Theory and Design of Irrigation Structures: R. S. Varshney and R, C. Gupta, Nem Chand
- 7 Engineering for Dams, Vol. I to III: Crager, Justin and Hinds, John Wiley
- 9 Design of Small Dams: USBR.
- 10 Hydro Power Structures: R. S. Varshney, Nem Chand and Bross.
- 11 Concrete Dams: R. S. Varshney, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co.

**Semester-VI**

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CEL603	Geotechnical Engineering-II Lab	01

Contact Hours			Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
-	02	-	-	01	-	01

Theory					Term Work/Practical/Oral			Total
Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	Term Work	Pract.	Oral	
Test-I	Test-II	Average						
-	-	-	-	-	25	-	25	50

**Course Objective:**

- 1 To study consolidation characteristics of soil.
- 2 To study and examine shear strength parameters of soil.
- 3 To Study and determine the strength of sub-grade soil.
- 4 To Study and determine swelling pressure of soil.
- 5 To gain the knowledge of stress distribution in soil.
- 6 To gain the knowledge of various geotechnical software.

**Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course Students will be able to

- 1 Determine consolidation parameters such as coefficient of compressibility, coefficient of volume change, coefficient of consolidation.
- 2 Determine cohesion and angle of shearing resistance for various soil types.
- 3 Determine the CBR value of soil for pavement design.
- 4 Determine swelling pressure of soil.
- 5 Understand the concept of stress distribution in soils due to vertically applied load.
- 6 Solve design problems using geotechnical software.

**List of Experiments (Minimum Five)**

Module	Detailed Content	Lab Session Hrs.
1	Determination of pre-consolidation pressure and coefficient of consolidation from one dimensional consolidation test	02

2	Determination of shear strength parameters using direct shear test	02
3	Determination of shear strength parameters using unconsolidated undrained tri-axial compression test	02
4	Determination of undrained cohesion using unconfined compression test	02
5	Determination of shear strength of soft clays by vane shear test	02
6	Determination of CBR value using CBR test	02
7	Determination of swelling pressure of clays	02

**Assignment:**

- a) Term Work Assessment  
Assignments should contain at least 15 numerical problems covering the entire syllabus.
- b) One assignment shall be given on either vertical stress distribution in soils or a design problem using geotechnical engineering software. The teacher is expected to impart the knowledge to the students about the concept of stress distribution of soils or design problem using software. The questions related to stress distribution in soils or design problem using software shall **NOT** be asked in the theory examination. However, it shall be treated as a part of term work submission. It shall preferably cover the following points:
- Vertical stress distribution in soils: Estimation of vertical stress in soil due to surface load using Boussinesq equation.
- OR
- Design problem using software: Introduction to any geotechnical software like Geo 5, PLAXIS, FLAC, MIDAS GTS-NX etc.

**Distribution of Term Work Marks**

Including Laboratory Work and Assignments both, Distribution of marks for Term Work shall be as follows:

- |                 |   |          |
|-----------------|---|----------|
| Laboratory Work | : | 15 Marks |
| Assignments     | : | 05 Marks |
| Attendance      | : | 05 Marks |
- End Semester Oral Examination : 25 marks

**Reference Books:**

- 1 Engineering Soil Testing: Shamsheer Prakash, P.K. Jain; Nem Chand & Bros
- 2 Soil Testing for Engineers: William T. Lambe; John Wiley and Sons, Inc.
- 3 Soil Mechanics Laboratory Manual: Brij Mohan DAS; Oxford University Press Inc.
- 4 Soil Mechanics in Engineering Practice: Karl Terzaghi, Ralph B. Peck, Gholamreza Mesri; John Wiley and Sons, Inc.
- 5 Soil Mechanics and Foundations: Dr. B. C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain, Arun Kumar; Laxmi Publications
- 6 Soil Mechanics in Theory and Practice: Alam Singh; Asia Publishing House
- 7 Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering: V. N.S. Murthy; Saitech Publications
- 8 Relevant Indian Standard Specifications Code: BIS Publications; New Delhi

## Semester-VI

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CEL604	Environmental Engineering (Lab)	01

Contact Hours			Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
-	02	-	-	01	-	01

Theory					Term Work/Practical/Oral			Total
Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	Term Work	Pract.	Oral	
Test-I	Test-II	Average						
-	-	-	-	-	25	-	25	50

### Course Objectives:

- 1 To analyse engineering skill related to water and wastewater sample.
- 2 To apply decision related to treatment of water and wastewater based on standards.
- 3 To understand the fundamental characteristics of municipal solid waste.
- 4 To acquire knowledge on the severity of air pollution and suggest remedies and preventive measures.
- 5 To understand the basic concepts of noise and its measurement.

### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, learner will be able to:

- 1 Impart the knowledge on quality or characteristic of water and wastewater sample.
- 2 Interpret the required treatment for water and wastewater based on standards and norms.
- 3 Impart the knowledge on quality of solid waste.
- 4 Measure the concentration of particulate matters, dust and dispersed pollutants in air.
- 5 Inspect the levels of noise and interpret the results.



<b>List of Experiments (Any eight to be performed)</b>		
<b>Module</b>	<b>Detailed Content</b>	<b>Lab Session / Hr.</b>
1	Determination of pH of water/ sewage sample /solid waste.	02
2	Determination of Turbidity in water sample.	02
3	Determination of Total Solids, suspended solids, dissolved solids, volatile solids.	02
4	Determination of chlorides.	02
5	Determination of Optimum dose of coagulant by using Jar Test.	02
6	Determination of Dissolved Oxygen.	02
7	Determination of Residual chlorine	02
8	Determination of air quality using High Volume air Sampler.	02
9	Determination of Level equivalent of Noise	02
10	Determination of Bio Chemical Oxygen Demand of sewage sample	02
11	Determination of Chemical Oxygen Demand of sewage sample.	02
12	Determination of moisture content of solid waste.	02

**Assessment:**

• **Term Work**

Including Laboratory Work and Assignments both, Distribution of marks for Term Work shall be as follows:

Laboratory Work	:	15 Marks
Assignments	:	05 Marks
Attendance	:	05 Marks

Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, following guidelines shall be resorted to: 75% - 80% : 03 Marks; 81% - 90% : 04 Marks; 91% onwards: 05 Marks.

• **End Semester Oral Examination**

Oral exam will be based on experiments performed, site visit and theory syllabus.

**Reference Books:**

- 1 Water Supply Engineering: S. K. Garg, Khanna Publication.
- 2 Environmental Engineering Vol II: Garg, S. K., Khanna Publishers New Delhi.
- 3 Water Supply Engineering: P.N. Modi, Rajsons Publication.
- 4 Environmental Engineering: *B. C. Punmia*, Laxmi Publications, New Delhi.
- 5 Solid waste management in developing countries: A.D. Bhide and B.B. Sundaresan.
- 6 CPHEEO Manual on Water Supply and Treatment.
- 7 CPHEEO Manual on Sewage and Treatment.

## Semester-VI

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CEL605	Skill Based Lab Course-III	1.5

Contact Hours			Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
-	03	-	-	1.5	-	1.5

Theory					Term Work/Practical/Oral			Total
Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	Term Work	Pract.	Oral	
Test-I	Test-II	Average						
-	-	-	-	-	25	-	25	50

### Course Objectives:

- 1 To Provide hands on training on analysis, modelling and design of R. C. C. Framed structure and Steel structure.
- 2 To prepare the database and perform its statistical analysis using relevant software.
- 3 To understand and apply the basic functions of excel for data analysis, preparation of programs and generation of reports having mathematical and pictorial representation.
- 4 To design reliable and sustainable transportation systems.
- 5 To evaluate the demand of water for given population and create the proper distribution system.
- 6 To Apply the basic knowledge of various computer languages to create the programme pertaining to civil engineering domain.

### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, learner will be able to:

- 1 To understand the functions involved various softwares related to civil engineering field.
- 2 To perform different functions of the software related to analysing modelling and designing the structure, creation of database and its analysis.
- 3 To describe and represent the data obtained from site, experimental work in various formats as per industrial requirements
- 4 To import road geometric design into the software as well as relate with the design standards applied into the software.
- 5 To design the effective distribution network system for the distribution of water resources.
- 6 To apply the knowledge to create the programme in excel and various computer languages for solving problems pertaining to civil engineering field.

<b>List of Experiments (Minimum Eight)</b>		
<b>Module</b>	<b>Detailed Content</b>	<b>Lab Session / Hr.</b>
Analysis, Modelling and Design of structure using professional software		<b>15</b>
1	Introduction to structural engineering software. Study of basic commands and tools.	03
2	Analysis of determinate and in-determinate structure. Extraction of shear force and bending moment diagram for given structure manually as well using software	03
3	Developing a model of simple plan of a building (square or rectangular)	03
4	Analysis of frames – R. C. C. framed structure	03
5	Analysis of frames – Steel structure	03
Preparation and analysis of database using open-source software		<b>03</b>
6	Introduction to statistical software – Basic function required for preparing database, statistical analysis of the data and its representation	03
Excel		<b>15</b>
7	Introduction to Excel – Basic function required for preparing database, statistical analysis of the data and its graphical representation a. Creation of database of result obtained from Traffic volume survey and its analysis b. Creating database of results obtained from laboratory experiments and its analysis	03
8	Preparation of programme using various functions in excel or any other relevant exercise in civil engineering field 1. Mix design of concrete 2. Design of pavement 3. Design of structural members	03
9	Preparation of checklist for various items of work in building construction for quality control, Preparation of various reports like Daily progress report, Daily Labour report, Weekly progress report, Weekly Labour report, Geotechnical reports, Audit reports	03
10	Use of transportation engineering related software for creation of contour, creation of cross section, setting horizontal and vertical alignment and calculation of cut and fill	03
11	Use of open-source software for designing and simulation of water distribution network	03
Programming using open-source software C or C++ or java or python		<b>06</b>
12	Introduction to programming software, Basics commands and tools for development of programme related to civil engineering field	03
13	Programming for Civil Engineers with content related to any domains of Civil Engineering problem solving using programming software.	03

**Assessment:****• Term Work**

Including Laboratory Work comprising of minimum 5 software generated reports/sheets/program outputs along with minimum 5 assignments or reports, distribution of marks for Term Work shall be as follows:

Laboratory Work	:	10 Marks (comprising of min. 5 software generated sheets/program outputs)
Assignments	:	10 Marks (comprising of min. 5 Reports)
Attendance	:	05 Marks

Further, while giving weightage of marks on the attendance, following guidelines shall be resorted to: 75% - 80%: 03 Marks; 81% - 90%: 04 Marks; 91% onwards: 05 Marks.

**End Semester Oral Examination**

Oral exam will be based on Laboratory Work performed.

**Reference Books:**

- 1 Software manuals
- 2 IS 456, IS 800
- 3 Refereed Journal papers on Software applications
- 4 Manual on Water Supply and Treatment, C. P. H. E. E. O., Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India, New Delhi
- 5 The 'C' Programming Language, B.W Kernighan & D.M Ritchie, Prentice Hall of India
- 6 Statistics for Managers, Using Microsoft Excel, 8th Edition, David M., Levine, Pearson India Education service Pvt ltd.

**Recommended Books:**

- 1 Excel with Microsoft Excel: Comprehensive & Easy Guide to Learn Advanced MS Excel Paperback – 1 January 2019 by Naveen Mishra (Author); Publisher:Penman Books; Publication date: 1 January 2019; ISBN-10: 9389024153; ISBN-13: 978-9389024159
- 2 Structural Modeling, Analysis & Design Using Staad Pro Software Paperback – 15 October 2015 by Vignesh Kumar M (Author); Publisher: LAP Lambert Academic Publishing; Genre: Business & Economics; ISBN: 9783848447671, 9783848447671
- 3 Discovering Statistics Using SPSS for Windows: Advanced Techniques for the Beginner; By Andy P. Field; Publisher:Sage Publications; ISBN:9780761957553, 0761957553
- 4 Quality Management in Construction Projects; By Abdul Razzak Rumane; Copyright Year 2018; ISBN 9780367890032; Published December 10, 2019 by CRC Press
- 5 Introduction to Machine Learning with Python: A Guide for Data Scientists Paperback – 7 October 2016; by Andreas C. Mueller (Author), Sarah Guido (Author); ISBN-10: 1449369413; ISBN-13: 978-1449369415, 1st Edition; Publisher O'Reilly

## Semester-VI

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CEM601	Mini Project -2B	1.5

Contact Hours			Credits Assigned			
Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
-	03	-	-	1.5	-	1.5

Theory					Term Work/Practical/Oral			Total
Internal Assessment			End Sem Exam	Duration of End Sem Exam	Term Work	Pract.	Oral	
Test-I	Test-II	Average						
-	-	-	-	-	25	-	25	50

## Rationale

Civil engineers deal with many challenges on daily basis. The civil engineering industry's growth has been need based and society centric. Computers and IT systems have touched almost every part of our lives and inter-disciplinary approach is way of life ahead. Mumbai University proposed Mini projects in the syllabus so that the budding civil engineers can connect with the world outside their textbooks and have the idea of future course. The Mini project should actually provide solution to a typical problem after a brainstorming and in a stipulated period. The solutions based on software, development of computer application, or IT systems based on artificial intelligence or IOT are expected from civil engineering students. The competitions ahead will give students the experience of the civil engineering industry's real-world problems and make students brainstorm ideas, learn, and explore the civil engineering industry.

## Course Objectives:

- 1 To recognize societal problems and convert them into a problem statement by understanding of facts and ideas in a group activity.(BTL-2)
- 2 To deal with new problems and situations by applying acquired knowledge, facts, techniques and rules in a different way.(BTL-3)
- 3 To examine and break information into parts, by analyzing motives or causes.(BTL-4)
- 4 To learn evaluating information, validity of ideas and work based on a set of criteria. (BTL-5)
- 5 To create solutions by compiling information together in a novel way.(BTL-6)

- 6 To design software based model, application or IT system by combining elements in a new pattern or proposing new solutions. (BTL-6)

### Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, learner will be able to:

- 1 Identify problems based on societal /research needs and formulate a solution strategy.
- 2 Apply fundamentals to develop solutions to solve societal problems in a group.
- 3 Analyze the specific need, formulate the problem and deduce the interdisciplinary approaches, software-based solutions and computer applications.
- 4 Develop systematic flow chart, evaluate inter disciplinary practices, devices, available software, estimate and recommend possible solutions.
- 5 Draw the proper inferences from available results through theoretical/experimental/simulations and assemble physical systems.
- 6 Create devises or design a computer program or develop computer application.

- **Guidelines for Mini Project -2B**

Expected outcome is Software based, “**A Computerized Model/ A software/ A computer program, an IOT application or A Computer or Mobile based application**”.

Students shall form a group of 3 to 4 students, while forming a group shall not be allowed less than three or more than four students, as it is a group activity.

Students should find ‘List of Mini project- 2B problems’ in University web portal [www.mu.ac.in](http://www.mu.ac.in), and in consultation with faculty supervisor/head of department/internal committee of faculties select the title.

Students shall submit implementation plan in the form of Gant/PERT/CPM chart, which will cover weekly activity of mini project.

A log book to be prepared by each group, wherein group can record weekly work progress, guide/supervisor can verify and record notes/comments.

Faculty supervisor may give inputs to students during mini project activity; however, focus shall be on self-learning.

Students in a group shall understand problem effectively, propose multiple solution and select best possible solution in consultation with guide/ supervisor.

Students shall convert the best solution into A Computerized Model/ a software/ A computer program, an IOT application or A Computer or Mobile based application using various components of their domain areas and demonstrate.

The solution to be validated with proper justification and report to be compiled in standard format of University of Mumbai.

With the focus on the self-learning, innovation, addressing societal problems and entrepreneurship quality development within the students through the Mini Projects, it is preferable that Students come out with original solution.

However, based on the individual students or group capability, with the mentor’s recommendations, if the proposed Mini Project adhering to the qualitative aspects mentioned above gets completed in odd semester, then that group can be allowed to work on the extension of the Mini Project with suitable improvements/modifications or a

completely new project idea in even semester. This policy can be adopted on case-by-case basis.

<b>List of approved problems for Mini Project -2B:</b>	
S501:	Development for Mobile App for Smart Traffic Management System Using Internet of Things
S502:	Development for Mobile App for IoT based smart traffic signal monitoring system using vehicle Count.
S503:	Development of (AI Based) software or mobile App. To identify quantity of (bricks, pipes, bars etc.) from photograph.
S504:	Development of (AI Based) software or mobile App. To identify size of cracks in distressed structure from coin aimed photograph.
S505:	Development of (AI Based) software or mobile App. To identify size of cracks in distressed structure.
S506:	Development of (AI Based) software or mobile App. For Assessment of Irrigation Water Quality Index.
S507:	Development of (AI Based) software or mobile App. For Ground Water Quality monitoring in industrial zone.
S508:	Development of (AI Based) software or mobile App Advanced Earthquake Resistant Techniques
S509:	Development of Remote Monitoring System For Civil Engineering projects.
S510:	Application of Geographic Information system using Quantum GIS software.
S511:	Development of (AI Based) software or mobile App for Building Information Modelling using ArchiCAD/ Revit architecture software.
S512:	Development of (AI Based) software or mobile App Digitization of Slump cone Test.
S513:	Development of (AI Based) software or mobile App Digitization of other mechanical Tests.
S514:	Development of (AI Based) software or mobile App Civil Engineering quantity calculator.
S515:	Development of (AI Based) software or mobile App Digitization of Non-destructive testing of concrete-various methods.
S516:	Development of (AI Based) software or mobile App Mapping of area using Total Station and plotting the same on 3-d drafting.
S517:	Preparation of Excel VBA sheet for solving Survey, Soil Mechanics, Structural Analysis problems.
S518:	Development of (AI Based) software or mobile App Smart street lights and fault location monitoring in the cloud over IoT
S519:	Development of (AI Based) software or mobile App IOT based smart irrigation system
S520:	Development of (AI Based) software or mobile App Smart cities: Traffic data monitoring over IoT for easy transportation/alternative route selection
S521:	Development of (AI Based) software or mobile App Dam gate level monitoring for water resource analysis and dam gate control over IoT.
S522:	Development of (AI Based) software or mobile App Smart colony: RFID based gate security system, street lights, and water pump automation.
S523:	Development of (AI Based) software or mobile App Agriculture automation using GSM (soil moisture level control and motor control)

**(This is tentative list, this list will be continuously updated by contributions from faculty, industry and alumni.)**

**Guidelines for Assessment of Mini Project:**

• **Term Work**

The review/ progress monitoring committee shall be constituted by head of departments of each institute. The progress of mini project to be evaluated on continuous basis, minimum two reviews in each semester.

In continuous assessment focus shall also be on each individual student, assessment based on individual's contribution in group activity, their understanding and response to questions.

Distribution of Term work marks for both semesters shall be as below:

Marks awarded by guide/supervisor based on log book	:	10 Marks
Marks awarded by review committee	:	10 Marks
Quality of Project report	:	5 Marks

Review/progress monitoring committee may consider following points for assessment based on either one year or half year project as mentioned in general guidelines.

• **Assessment criteria of Mini Project:**

Mini Project shall be assessed based on following criteria:

Quality of survey/ need identification

Clarity of Problem definition based on need.

Innovativeness in solutions

Feasibility of proposed problem solutions and selection of best solution

Cost effectiveness

Societal impact

Innovativeness

Cost effectiveness and Societal impact

Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements

Effective use of skill sets

Effective use of standard engineering norms

Contribution of an individuals as member or leader

Clarity in written and oral communication

In one year, project, first semester evaluation may be based on first six criteria's and remaining may be used for second semester evaluation of performance of students in mini project.

In case of half year project all criteria in generic may be considered for evaluation of performance of students in mini project.



- **Guidelines for Assessment of Mini Project Practical/Oral Examination:**

Report should be prepared as per the guidelines issued by the University of Mumbai.

Mini Project shall be assessed through a presentation and demonstration of working model by the student project group to a panel of Internal and External Examiners preferably from industry or research organizations having experience of more than five years and approved by head of Institution.

Students shall be motivated to publish a paper based on the work in Conferences/students competitions.

- **Mini Project shall be assessed based on following points:**

Quality of problem and Clarity

Innovativeness in solutions

Cost effectiveness and Societal impact

Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements

Effective use of skill sets

Effective use of standard engineering norms

Contribution of an individuals as member or leader

Clarity in written and oral communication